

# 2022

## Tax and Investment

# GUIDE

**CANADA** (except Quebec)

**WHAT YOU NEED TO KNOW**



**NATIONAL BANK  
FINANCIAL**

WEALTH MANAGEMENT



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## 1. Disclaimer

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The information in this Guide is for informational purposes and should in no way be regarded as legal or tax advice. Clients should always consult their accountant or tax specialist before acting based on the information found in this Guide.

## 2. Introduction

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This Guide has been prepared by National Bank Financial – Wealth Management (“NBFWM”) to present the various tax slips and information reports you may receive from us. You will find information regarding government tax slips and associated summaries. This Guide is specifically intended for individuals residing in Canada. Canadians residing in Quebec should consult the Tax and Investment Guide 2022 (Quebec), which contains specificities regarding provincial taxation. This Guide does not apply to non-resident corporations, trusts, or individuals.

Please note that this document is not meant to be an exhaustive reference on how to report income, capital gains and losses. We strongly recommend that individuals consult their accountant or tax specialist to complete their tax return. This Guide is a summary covering Federal taxation. However, some provinces have specific requirements to be considered by individuals residing in those provinces.

## 3. Useful Links

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### Canada Revenue Agency (CRA):

- > [Website \(home page\)](#)
- > ["My Account" for Individuals](#)
- > [Income Tax Package](#)

## 4. Mailing Deadlines for Various Tax Slips

Below is a table of the various government tax slips and summaries you may potentially need to prepare your income tax return. Please note that these documents reflect the transactions and income recorded during the calendar year and some slips may not apply to your situation. Before completing your tax return, we ask you to ensure you have received all your slips. This will avoid having to file an amended tax return. Note that the various summaries can be used as tools in verifying your tax slips.

| Non-Registered                                   |   |                               |
|--|---|-------------------------------|
| Type of Income/Fees                              | Slip/Summary  | Mailing Deadline <sup>1</sup> |
| Dividends, interest, foreign income              | T5 and <i>Investment Income Summary</i> <sup>2</sup>          | February 28, 2023             |
| Interest paid and investment fees                | <i>Investment Income Summary</i> <sup>2</sup>                 | February 28, 2023             |
| Realized gains and losses                        | T5008 and <i>Securities Transactions Summary</i> <sup>2</sup> | February 28, 2023             |
| Stripped coupons                                 | <i>Accumulated Interest Report</i>                            | February 28, 2023             |
| Distributions from a trust                       | T3 and <i>Summary of Trust Income</i> <sup>2</sup>            | March 31, 2023 <sup>3</sup>   |
| Partnerships                                     | T5013   | March 31, 2023                |
| Registered Investments                           |   |                               |
| Withdrawal from a registered investment account: |   |                               |
| RRSP   | T4RSP   | February 28, 2023             |
| RRIF/LIF/LRIF                                    | T4RIF   | February 28, 2023             |
| RESP/RDSP  | T4A   | February 28, 2023             |

1 - Government-prescribed date.

2 - This summary is not government-prescribed, but NBFWM commits to issuing it at the specified date, if needed.

3 - The first time T3 slip are issued, a "Summary of Upcoming Trust Units" may be sent to you. This summary will list trusts for which the issuers have not yet provided the tax information necessary for the filing of tax slips, and for which a tax slip will be sent later.

| RRSP Contributions    |                       |  |
|-----------------------|-----------------------|--|
| Time of Contribution  | Contribution Deadline | Time of Reception  |
| First 60 days of 2022 | March 1, 2022         | You should have received your contribution slip in March 2022.   |
| Rest of the year 2022 | N/A                   | You should have received your contribution slip in January 2023. |
| First 60 days of 2023 | March 1, 2023         | You should receive your contribution slip in March 2023.         |

## 5. T3 Slip – Statement of Trust Income (Allocations and Designations)

If you hold investments in income trusts (usually referred to as “mutual funds”), royalty trusts, and real estate investment trusts (REITs), you will receive a T3 slip and a *Summary of Trust Income* specifying amounts and the nature of these distributions in your account.

**Canada Revenue Agency / Agence du revenu du Canada**

**Statement of Trust Income Allocations and Designations - T3**

**YEAR**

Actual amount of eligible dividends  49 Taxable amount of eligible dividends  50 Dividend tax credit for eligible dividends  51 Capital gains  21 Capital gains eligible for deduction  30

Actual amount of dividends other than eligible dividends  23 Taxable amount of dividends other than eligible dividends  32 Dividend tax credit for dividends other than eligible dividends  39 Other income  26 Trust year end Year  Month

Other information (see the back)

| Box                  | Amount               | Box                  | Amount               |
|----------------------|----------------------|----------------------|----------------------|
| <input type="text"/> | <input type="text"/> | <input type="text"/> | <input type="text"/> |
| <input type="text"/> | <input type="text"/> | <input type="text"/> | <input type="text"/> |
| <input type="text"/> | <input type="text"/> | <input type="text"/> | <input type="text"/> |

Footnotes

Recipient's name (last name first) and address

Trust's name and address

Recipient identification number  12 Account number  14 T Report code  16 Beneficiary code  18

Protected B when completed

RC-22-407

• For information, see the back. 2

Mutual fund companies generally issue their own tax slips. You should receive a T3 slip for each separate mutual fund. For example, if you own a “Canadian Corporation” mutual fund and a “Fixed Income” mutual fund from ABC Company Mutual Inc., you should receive two T3 slips from ABC Company Mutual Inc. You should wait to receive all your slips before filing your income tax return.

Note that several fund companies issue consolidated T3 slips; if you deal with one of these companies, you will receive one “consolidated” slip.

You can now use the CRA’s “My Account” and the auto-fill application to help in the preparation of your tax return. However, please note that the T3 slips are issued under the name of the Trust and you will not find NBFWM's name on it. The information shown on your T3 slips will be reported in the name of each trust listed in the CRA’s “My Account;” you must, therefore, refer to the details on your *Summary of Trust Income* to reconcile the amounts reported.

### Amounts Reported on Your T3 May Include:

- > Interest and other income
- > Dividends from taxable Canadian corporations
- > Dividends from foreign corporations
- > Foreign non-business income
- > Capital gains/Capital losses
- > Capital income

## 5.1. Summary of Trust Income

The *Summary of Trust Income* is issued by NBFWM. It provides detailed information regarding each trust, the nature of the distributions, as well as the associated boxes in chronological order. This information will allow you to reconcile your T3 slip from each trust.

*Most of the expenses in the section “PAID BY YOU” are associated with foreign withholding taxes. (see below image)*

| NATIONAL BANK<br>FINANCIAL<br>WEALTH MANAGEMENT     |          | 1155 METCALFE STREET<br>MONTREAL, QC<br>H3B 4S9 |                     | SUMMARY OF TRUST INCOME 20XX<br>(Excluding Mutual Funds) |                       |
|---|----------|---|---------------------|--|-----------------------|
| FIRST NAME SURNAME<br>ADDRESS<br>ADDRESS<br>ADDRESS |          |   |                     | Reference<br>XXXXX                                       |                       |
|   |          |   |                     | Investment Advisor<br>FIRST NAME SURNAME                 |                       |
|   |          |   |                     | Telephone  |                       |
|   |          |   |                     | S.I.N.<br>000 000 000                                    |                       |
|   |          |   |                     | Resident<br>QUEBEC                                       |                       |
| DATE<br>20XX  | QUANTITY | DESCRIPTION                                     | T3/REL16<br>BOX NO. | PAID BY YOU  | AMOUNT<br>PAID TO YOU |
| YOUR CANADIAN ACCOUNT XX-XXXX-X                     |          |   |                     |  |                       |
| 20xx/xx/xx  | 50       | ARTIS REIT TAJ                                  | (26/G)              |  | 0.71                  |
| 20xx/xx/xx  | 50       | ARTIS REIT TAJ                                  | (42/M)              |  | 3.79                  |
| 20xx/xx/xx  | 50       | ARTIS REIT TAJ                                  | (26/G)              |  | 0.71                  |
| 20xx/xx/xx  | 50       | ARTIS REIT TAJ                                  | (42/M)              |  | 3.79                  |
| 20xx/xx/xx  | 50       | ARTIS REIT TAJ                                  | (26/G)              |  | 0.71                  |
| 20xx/xx/xx  | 50       | ARTIS REIT TAJ                                  | (42/M)              |  | 3.79                  |
| 20xx/xx/xx  | 50       | ARTIS REIT TAJ                                  | (26/G)              |  | 0.71                  |
| 20xx/xx/xx  | 50       | ARTIS REIT TAJ                                  | (42/M)              |  | 3.79                  |
| 20xx/xx/xx  | 50       | ARTIS REIT TAJ                                  | (26/G)              |  | 0.71                  |
| 20xx/xx/xx  | 50       | ARTIS REIT TAJ                                  | (42/M)              |  | 3.79                  |
| 20xx/xx/xx  | 50       | ARTIS REIT TAJ                                  | (26/G)              |  | 0.71                  |
| 20xx/xx/xx  | 50       | ARTIS REIT TAJ                                  | (42/M)              |  | 3.79                  |
| 20xx/xx/xx  | 50       | ARTIS REIT TAJ                                  | (26/G)              |  | 0.71                  |
| 20xx/xx/xx  | 50       | ARTIS REIT TAJ                                  | (42/M)              |  | 3.79                  |
| 20xx/xx/xx  | 50       | ARTIS REIT TAJ                                  | (26/G)              |  | 0.71                  |
| 20xx/xx/xx  | 50       | ARTIS REIT TAJ                                  | (42/M)              |  | 3.79                  |
| 20xx/xx/xx  | 50       | ARTIS REIT TAJ                                  | (26/G)              |  | 0.71                  |
| 20xx/xx/xx  | 50       | ARTIS REIT TAJ                                  | (42/M)              |  | 3.79                  |
| 20xx/xx/xx  | 50       | ARTIS REIT TAJ                                  | (26/G)              |  | 0.71                  |
| 20xx/xx/xx  | 50       | ARTIS REIT TAJ                                  | (42/M)              |  | 3.79                  |
|   | (26/G)   | OTHER INCOME                                    |                     |  | 7.81                  |
|   | (42/M)   | RETURN OF CAPITAL *                             |                     |  | 41.69                 |
| TOTAL   |          |   |                     |  |                       |
|   | (26/G)   | OTHER INCOME                                    |                     |  | 7.81                  |
|   | (42/M)   | RETURN OF CAPITAL *                             |                     |  | 41.69                 |

## 5.2. Detailed Description of Each Type of Income:

### > Interest and other income

Interest and other income (e.g., interest, rental income) are reported in box 26 “Other income” on the T3 slip.

### > Dividends from taxable Canadian corporations

In order to differentiate *Eligible dividends* from *Dividends other than eligible dividends* (or “non-eligible dividends”), please see the “Dividends from Taxable Canadian Corporations” section below.

#### 1- Eligible dividends:

Federal: The actual amount (not grossed-up) of eligible dividends received by the unit holder is reported in box 49 of the T3 slip. This amount is not the one to be used in your Federal tax return. Instead, the taxable amount (grossed-up) shown in box 50 of the T3 slip should be the amount included



in your tax return. You will be entitled to an eligible dividends tax credit which is shown in box 51 of the T3 slip. The components of the “grossed-up dividend” and dividend tax credit are part of the integration mechanism of income earned by a corporation. Since dividends represent a distribution of corporate profits after taxes, adjustments (the gross-up and credit) must be made in order to avoid double taxation on this income.

**2- Dividends other than eligible dividends (or “non-eligible dividends”):**

Federal: The actual amount (not grossed-up) of dividends other than eligible dividends received by the holder is reported in box 23 of the T3 slip. Once again, this amount is not to be used in the Federal tax return of the individual. The amount shown in box 32 of the T3 slip, the taxable amount (grossed-up) should be reported. The credit for dividends other than eligible dividends will be shown in box 39 of the T3 slip.

**> Dividends from foreign corporations**

Please note that dividends from foreign corporations (American, European, etc.) will be reported in box 25 of the T3. These will not be grossed-up and are not entitled to a tax credit, as the integration mechanism applies only to dividends from Canadian corporations.

**> Foreign non-business income**

For Canadian tax purposes, foreign dividends income is taxed/treated in the same way as interest income. All gross (prior to withholding) foreign income received by the trust will be found in box 25 of the T3. Please note that foreign income is generally subject to a foreign withholding tax in the country of origin. Although you have received the amount after deduction of the foreign withholding tax, you must report the gross amount. You cannot deduct the foreign tax amount directly from the gross income, but you may be entitled to a foreign tax credit for a portion of the amounts withheld. The foreign withholding tax, which could entitle you to a foreign tax credit, can be found in box 34 of the T3. Please note that if the investment is held in a registered account, the withheld amounts cannot be recovered through the foreign tax credit.

**> Capital gains/Capital losses**

Trust investments may generate capital gains (or losses) with the sale of underlying assets. Only capital gains will be allocated to unitholders based on an allocation provided by the investment manager of the trust. The capital gain will be reported in box 21 of the T3. 50% of capital gains are not taxable and must reduce the capital loss otherwise realized in the same year. All these elements are covered in *Schedule 3 – Capital gains (or losses)* of your *Income Tax and Benefit Return* for the current year.

**> Capital income**

The amount in box 42 of the T3 represents a distribution of a return of capital from the trust. Note that this amount is not taxable and does not have to be included in your tax return. However, this amount must be considered when calculating the adjusted cost base (ACB) of your trust units. The ACB of your trust units will be reduced by the return of capital. Please keep this information to validate that this adjustment has been made to the ACB of your trust units.

### 5.3. FAQ – T3

**> Q.1.: My T3 and *Summary of Trust Income* refer to a capital gain, but I have received nothing in my account. Do I have to report these amounts?**

**A.1.:** Yes, these amounts must be reported. Sometimes, capital gains known as “phantom distributions” (non-cash distributions) are attributed by mutual funds without any actual payment made to the account. You must generally, thereafter, make an ACB adjustment if this has not already been done. In order to obtain accurate information on these distributions, please refer to the mutual fund's website.



> **Q.2.: Why did I receive my T3 slip so late in the month of April?**

**A.2.:** Trust companies must also file tax returns. Coordination between these filings and the issuance of slips is often the reason these companies wait until the prescribed limit (i.e., 90 days after year-end) before providing the issuers with the necessary data to produce T3 slip, which in turn leads to filing delays.

> **Q.3.: Why did I receive amended T3 slip?**

**A.3.:** As previously mentioned, trust companies very tardily prepare the information related to their distributions to coordinate them with their own returns. Sometimes, corrections are required after the deadline that may, among other causes, result from adjustments or errors in their own tax returns.

> **Q.4.: I received a T3 slip from NBFWM. However, I do not find any T3 slip issued in NBFWM's name in the CRA's "My Account." Why?**

**A.4.:** T3 slip are issued by NBFWM, but on behalf of the different trusts. The income shown on the T3 and slip you received will be displayed in the trust's name in the CRA's "My Account." You will not find any T3 slip in the name of NBFWM. In order to reconcile the trust information, set out in the CRA's "My Account," you must refer to the details provided in your *Summary of Trust Income*.

## 5.4. Joint Accounts

Note that when an account is held jointly between spouses, the client must allocate the income, the gains, and the losses generated based on everyone's contribution, even if only one tax slip is issued.

Hence, tax legislation applies attribution rules, disallowing income splitting in certain situations involving gifts and loans to a spouse, common-law partner, and minor children.

## 6. T5 Slip – Statement of Investment Income

The T5 is used to report dividend income, interest income, and foreign taxes paid on your investments held in a non-registered account. The amounts in the boxes of the T5 represent the total of the amounts shown on the *Investment Income Summary*. You will receive a separate T5 if you hold a USD-denominated account. Please note that the slip will not be issued if the total investment income is less than \$50, but you must still include this income in your tax return. Note that the income from discount bonds, such as Treasury Bills and commercial paper, are not included on the T5 but they must also be reported.

If you own shares of a split-share corporation, you will receive a separate T5 for expenses and income related to investments in this stock class. In addition, you may also receive a T5 if you hold shares in a real estate investment trust (REIT) or shares of U.S. limited capital investment funds.

Moreover, incorporated mutual funds (that are not trusts) also issue T5 slips to report their dividend distributions and allocation of capital gains.

### 6.1. Lending Revenue from a Fully Paid Securities Lending Program (FPL Program)

The full amount of lending revenue realized by you in connection to your loaned securities must be included in your tax return. This lending income is included in box 14 – *Other Income from Canadian source* of your T5 slip and will also be included on your *Investment Income Summary*. You should be entitled to deduct the administration fees paid to Natcan Trust Company. You should speak to a tax specialist to find out all the tax implications of your participation in the FPL program. Please see the details in the *Investment Income Summary* section below.

**Canada Revenue Agency** Agence du revenu du Canada **T5 Statement of Investment Income** 2021 **Protected B when completed**

|   |  |  |                                   |                                    |                   |
|---|--|--|-----------------------------------|------------------------------------|-------------------|
| Dividends from Canadian corporations                        |  | Federal credit   |                                   | Year                               |                   |
| 24 Actual amount of eligible dividends                      | 25 Taxable amount of eligible dividends                      | 26 Dividend tax credit for eligible dividends                      | 13 Interest from Canadian sources | 18 Capital gains dividends         |                   |
| 89763.13  | 123873.12  | 18605.49   | 10.00                             |                                    |                   |
| 10 Actual amount of dividends other than eligible dividends | 11 Taxable amount of dividends other than eligible dividends | 12 Dividend tax credit for dividends other than eligible dividends | 21 Report code                    | 22 Recipient identification number | 23 Recipient type |
|   |  |  | 0                                 |                                    | 2                 |
| Other information (see the back)                            |  | Box  |                                   | Amount                             |                   |
| 14  | 276.90   |  |                                   |                                    |                   |
| 27 Foreign Currency   | 28 Transit   | 29 Recipient Account number  | Payer's name and address          |                                    |                   |
| Recipient's name and address                                |  |  |                                   |                                    |                   |

T5(09/21) See the privacy notice on your return. • For Recipient - Attach to your Income Tax Return For information, see the back **2**

**Canada Revenue Agency** Agence du revenu du Canada **T5 Statement of Investment Income** 2021 **Protected B when completed**

|   |  |  |                                   |                                    |                   |
|---|--|--|-----------------------------------|------------------------------------|-------------------|
| Dividends from Canadian corporations                        |  | Federal credit   |                                   | Year                               |                   |
| 24 Actual amount of eligible dividends                      | 25 Taxable amount of eligible dividends                      | 26 Dividend tax credit for eligible dividends                      | 13 Interest from Canadian sources | 18 Capital gains dividends         |                   |
| 89763.13  | 123873.12  | 18605.49   | 10.00                             |                                    |                   |
| 10 Actual amount of dividends other than eligible dividends | 11 Taxable amount of dividends other than eligible dividends | 12 Dividend tax credit for dividends other than eligible dividends | 21 Report code                    | 22 Recipient identification number | 23 Recipient type |
|   |  |  | 0                                 |                                    | 2                 |
| Other information (see the back)                            |  | Box  |                                   | Amount                             |                   |
| 14  | 276.90   |  |                                   |                                    |                   |
| 27 Foreign Currency   | 28 Transit   | 29 Recipient Account number  | Payer's name and address          |                                    |                   |
| Recipient's name and address                                |  |  |                                   |                                    |                   |

T5(09/21) See the privacy notice on your return. • For Recipient - Keep for your records For information, see the back **3**

## 6.2. Dividends from Taxable Canadian Corporations

To respect the principle of integration between a corporation and its shareholders, the dividends you receive from taxable Canadian corporations are subject to a gross-up and dividend tax credit. This principle is essential in taxation to ensure "tax neutrality." That is, any income earned by a corporation that has been distributed to you in the form of a dividend (net of corporate tax) should be subject to the same tax burden as if you had earned that income directly.

Essentially, the gross-up and dividend tax credit will vary depending on the type of dividend you received from a taxable Canadian corporation, i.e., "eligible dividends" or "dividends other than eligible dividends" (or non-eligible dividends). Essentially, the gross-up/tax credit results in "eligible dividends" being taxed at a lower rate than "dividends other than eligible dividends."

The determination of the type of dividend depends primarily on the corporate tax rate applicable to the income earned by the corporation. Generally, corporate income is subject to the "general tax rate" or a "lower small business tax rate." "Eligible dividends" (generally from Canadian public corporations) are paid on corporate income subject to the "general tax rate." "Dividends other than eligible dividends" (mostly from Canadian private corporations) are paid out of income subject to the "lower small business tax rate."

### 1 - Eligible dividends:

Federal: Eligible dividends paid to you during the year are found in box 24 of the T5 slip. However, this is not the amount to be reported in your federal tax return; you must report the grossed-up amount shown in box 25 – Taxable amount of eligible dividends of your T5 slip. This amount is equal to box 24 multiplied by 1.38. In addition, you will find the tax credit for eligible dividends in box 26.

### 2 - Dividends other than eligible dividends (or "non-eligible dividends"):

Federal: Dividends other than eligible dividends paid to you over the year are found in box 10 of the T5 slip. However, this is not the amount to be reported in your return; you must report the grossed-up amount shown in box 11 of the T5 slip – Taxable amount of dividends other than eligible dividends. This amount is equal to box 10 multiplied by 1.15. In addition, you will find the tax credit for non-eligible dividends in box 12 of the T5 slip.

## 6.3. Foreign Income

Earnings from dividends, interest, or any other type of foreign income are shown in box 15 of the T5. The foreign tax paid pertaining to such income is reported in box 16 of the T5. All types of foreign income are grouped together in the same box. The Canadian tax system makes no distinction between them; they are taxed in the same way. The foreign tax credit mechanism will allow you to recover a portion of the foreign tax paid in your tax return. Please note that if this investment is held in a registered account, the withholding tax cannot be recovered through the foreign tax credit.

## 6.4. Foreign Spin-Off

For Canadian tax purposes, when a reorganization occurs and a foreign corporation issues shares of a new corporation, the value of these new shares must be reported as a foreign dividend (box 15 of the T5), when the shares are held in a non-registered account. The event is generally taxable in Canada, even if there are no tax implications in the foreign country.

However, a Canadian tax deferral may be possible when the foreign spin-off meets certain requirements of the *Income Tax Act* (the Act governing Canadian Federal income taxes, hereinafter referred to as the "ITA"). To take advantage of this deferral, foreign corporations must provide the CRA with information on the spin-off. Foreign corporations usually provide the CRA permission to publish the fact that their "spin-off shares" are eligible for

the tax deferral. Thus, eligible foreign spin-offs are usually listed on the CRA's website at the following address: [Eligible spin-offs](#).

In order to take advantage of this deferral, you must file an election with your Federal tax return: [Information for Canadian shareholders](#)

Note that even when the foreign reorganization qualifies for the tax deferral and this election is filed on time, the amount still appears on box 15 of the T5 slip. When the election is filed, the adjusted cost base of the old shares and the new shares must be adjusted. The necessary adjustments are explained with [this example](#). This will require manual adjustment in the financial institution's systems, so it is important to let your advisor know.

## 6.5. Equity Linked Notes Interest

Following regulatory changes in 2017 regarding the disposition or transfer of equity linked notes prior to their maturity, all gains realized at the time of disposition or transfer must be considered as accrued interest. This interest must be registered in box 30 of the T5 slip. Box 21 (proceeds of disposition or settlement amount) on the T5008 slip will not include the interest declared on the T5.

*(See section 7.4. Linked Notes below)*

## 6.6. Accrued Interest on Debt Securities

Accrued interest during the year on discount debt securities (e.g., stripped coupons and residual bonds) and compound interest debt securities (e.g., guaranteed investment certificates) must be reported annually, even if interest is not paid. This interest is included on your T5 slip, except for interest on stripped coupons and residual bonds which are both reported on the provided Accumulated Interest Report. *(See section 7.5. below Premium or Discount Bonds below)*

## 6.7. Transfer of Securities to a Registered Account

If savings bonds or other types of bonds are transferred with accrued interest to a Registered Retirement Savings Plan (RRSP), a Registered Disability Savings Plan (RDSP), a Tax-Free Savings Account (TFSA) or a Registered Education Savings Plan (RESP), the interest amounts will be included on the T5 slip and will also be shown on the *Investment Income Summary*.

## 6.8. Investment Income Summary

This summary lists, in chronological order, all the investment income paid to your non-registered accounts during the period.

In addition, it contains information on the interest you paid during the year, for example, interest on the outstanding balance of margin accounts and accrued interest paid upon the purchase of a bond. The accrued interest that was paid should not be deducted from interest received. It should be added to other deductible financial expenses. Note that the annual administration fees of an RRSP, RRIF, TFSA, RESP, RDSP, LIRA, LRIF or Locked-in RRSP are not deductible, even if paid through a non-registered account.

Fully Paid Securities Lending (FPL) entries appear as SLR and E45 on the *Investment Income Summary*. You should be entitled to deduct any agent fees paid by you since these constitute fees that are incurred by you to earn property or business income in connection with your securities loans. The agent fees that were paid by you should be added to other deductible financial expenses. The agent fees will be included on your *Investment Income Summary*.

| DATE<br>2021 | QUANTITY | DESCRIPTION               |         | PAID BY YOU | AMOUNT | PAID TO YOU |
|--------------|----------|---------------------------|---------|-------------|--------|-------------|
| 21.09.01     |          | SL Ag. Fee/Frais agent PT | (W) SLR | 21.52       |        |             |
| 21.09.01     |          | SL revenues/Revenus PT    | (2) SLR |             |        | 54.21       |
| 21.09.01     | 945      | ENBRIDGE INC              | (1) DIV |             |        | 789.08      |
| 21.09.15     | 5,600    | EXCHANGE INCOME CORP      | (1) DIV |             |        | 1,064.00    |
| 21.09.15     | 6,100    | NORTHLAND POWER INC       | (1) DIV |             |        | 610.00      |
| 21.09.15     | 1,000    | PARK LAWN CORP            | (1) DIV |             |        | 38.00       |
| 21.09.16     |          | INTEREST TO SEP 16        | (0) INT | 22.48       |        |             |
| 21.09.23     | 1,550    | ALIMENT COUCHE-TARD-B SV  | (1) DIV |             |        | 135.63      |
| 21.09.29     | 4,200    | TRANSALTA RENEWABLES INC  | (1) DIV |             |        | 328.99      |
| 21.10.01     |          | SL Adv. Fee/Frais gest PT | (W) E45 | 2.54        |        |             |
| 21.10.01     |          | SL Ag. Fee/Frais agent PT | (W) SLR | 10.38       |        |             |
| 21.10.01     |          | SL revenues/Revenus PT    | (2) SLR |             |        | 26.07       |
| 21.10.14     | 1,000    | PARK LAWN CORP            | (1) DIV |             |        | 38.00       |

| DATE<br>2021                                      | QUANTITY | DESCRIPTION |  | PAID BY YOU | AMOUNT | PAID TO YOU |
|---|----------|-------------|--|-------------|--------|-------------|
| TOTALS FOR ALL ACCOUNTS :                         |          |             |  |             |        |             |
| (0) TOTAL ELIGIBLE INTEREST FROM CANADIAN SOURCES |          |             |  | 95.15       |        | 10.00       |
| (1) TOTAL ELIGIBLE DIVIDENDS FROM CANADIAN CORPS  |          |             |  |             |        | 89,762.12   |
| (2) TOTAL OTHER INCOME FROM CANADIAN SOURCES      |          |             |  |             |        | 276.90      |
| (W) TOTAL ADMINISTRATION FEES                     |          |             |  | 135.78      |        |             |


## 6.9. Joint Accounts

Note that when an account is held jointly between spouses, the client must allocate the income, the gains, and the losses generated based on everyone's contribution, even if only one tax slip is issued.

Hence, tax legislation applies attribution rules, disallowing income splitting in certain situations involving gifts and loans to a spouse, common-law partner, and minor children.

## 7. T5008 Slip – Statement of Securities Transactions

If you have sold securities from your non-registered account during the year, you will receive a T5008 statement.

|  |  |   |  |   |  |   |  |
|--|--|---|--|---|--|---|--|
| Agency du revenu<br>du Canada<br><br>Canada Revenue<br>Agency<br><br>   | Year<br>Année<br><input type="text"/>  | VOID<br>ANNULÉ<br><input type="text"/>  | 10 Report code<br>Code du feuillet<br><input type="text"/>   | 11 Recipient type<br>Type de bénéficiaire<br><input type="text"/>                 | 12 Recipient identification number<br>Numéro d'identification du bénéficiaire<br><input type="text"/>                                | 13 Foreign currency<br>Devises étrangères<br><input type="text"/>   | <b>Protected B / Protégé B</b><br>when completed / une fois rempli<br><b>T5008</b><br>Statement of Securities Transactions<br>État des opérations sur titres |
|  | 14 Date<br>MMDD – MMJJ<br><input type="text"/>   | 15 Type code of securities<br>Code de genre de titres<br><input type="text"/> | 16 Quantity of securities<br>Quantité de titres<br><input type="text"/>  | 17 Identification of securities<br>Désignation des titres<br><input type="text"/> |  |   |  |
|  | 18 ISIN/CUSIP number<br>Numéro ISIN/CUSIP<br><input type="text"/>  |   | 19 Face amount<br>Valeur nominale<br><input type="text"/>  |   | 20 Cost or book value<br>Coût ou valeur comptable<br><input type="text"/>  |   | 21 Proceeds of disposition or settlement amount<br>Produits de disposition ou paiements<br><input type="text"/>  |
|  | 22 Type code of securities received on settlement<br>Code de genre de titres reçus en guise de règlement<br><input type="text"/> |   | 23 Quantity of securities received on settlement<br>Quantité de titres reçus en guise de règlement<br><input type="text"/> |   | 24 Identification of securities received on settlement<br>Désignation des titres reçus en guise de règlement<br><input type="text"/> |   |  |
| Last name (print) – Nom de famille (en lettres moulées)  |  |   | First name and initials – Prénom et initiales  |   |  | Name and address of trader or dealer in securities<br>Nom et adresse du négociant ou du courtier en valeurs |  |
| <div style="display: flex; align-items: center;"> <div style="writing-mode: vertical-rl; transform: rotate(180deg);">           Recipient<br/>Bénéficiaire         </div> <div style="border: 1px solid black; width: 100%; height: 150px; margin-left: 10px;"></div> </div> |  |   |  |   |  |   |  |

See the privacy notice on your return.  
Consultez l'avis de confidentialité dans votre déclaration.

T5008 (XX)

| Canada Revenue Agency   |     | Agence du revenu du Canada |                            | <b>Securities Transactions Details<br/>Détails des transactions de titres</b> |    |            | T5008 (2022-10)  |
|---|-----|----------------------------|----------------------------|---|----|------------|--|
|   |     |                            |                            |   |    | PAGE 2 / 2 | <b>Protected B / Protégé B</b><br>when completed / une fois rempli |
| Year / Année<br><b>2022</b>                                   |     |                            |                            |   |    |            |  |
| Boxes of the T5008 information slip / Cases du feuillet T5008 |     |                            |                            |   |    |            |  |
| 14  | 15  | 16                         | 17                         | 18  | 19 | 20         | 21   |
| 0111  | SHS | 200                        | ARITZIA INC SUB VTG        | 04045U102   |    | 6084.40    | 10105.00   |
| 0704  | PTI | 1600                       | BMO INTL DIV HGD-CAD ETF   | 05581A103   |    | 42572.71   | 42662.00   |
| 0704  | PTI | 400                        | BMO INTL DIV HGD-CAD ETF   | 05581A103   |    |            |  |
|   |     | 2000                       | TOTAL                      |   |    | 42572.71   | 42662.00   |
| 0715  | PTI | 1300                       | BMO LONG US TREAS HDG ETF  | 05582Y308   |    | 50605.00   | 50700.00   |
| 0428  | PTI | 1900                       | CANSO CREDIT INCOME-A T/U  | 138080106   |    | 27132.00   | 26695.00   |
| 0502  | PTI | 5600                       | CANSO CREDIT INCOME-A T/U  | 138080106   |    | 79968.00   | 79296.00   |
|   |     | 7500                       | TOTAL                      |   |    | 107100.00  | 105991.00  |
| 0201  | SHS | 900                        | CRESCENT POINT ENGY CORP   | 22576C101   |    | 11146.66   | 7294.50  |
| 0114  | PTI | 1280                       | ISHARES U.S. S/C INDX ETF  | 46430R202   |    | 36671.42   | 56179.20   |
| 0111  | PTI | 9880                       | MACKENZIE UNCONSTR BD ETF  | 55454N104   |    | 204288.49  | 200070.00  |
| 0404  | PTI | 100                        | MACKENZIE UNCONSTR BD ETF  | 55454N104   |    | 165415.78  | 154562.00  |
| 0404  | PTI | 7900                       | MACKENZIE UNCONSTR BD ETF  | 55454N104   |    |            |  |
|   |     | 17880                      | TOTAL                      |   |    | 369704.27  | 354632.00  |
| 0201  | SHS | 1400                       | SECURE ENERGY SVCS INC     | 81373C102   |    | 6062.00    | 8274.00  |
| 0111  | PTI | 2030                       | VANGUARD FTSE DV C\$HD ETF | 92206P103   |    | 62714.11   | 70298.90   |
| 0131  | SHS | 1200                       | WHITECAP RES INC           | 96467A200   |    | 10119.90   | 10596.00   |
| 0525  | SHS | 1240                       | WHITECAP RES INC           | 96467A200   |    | 11333.80   | 12542.40   |
|   |     | 2440                       | TOTAL                      |   |    | 21453.70   | 23138.40   |
| 0111  | MFT | 1547.408                   | MCK IVY EQ-F /NL/NFRAC     |   |    | 24775.86   | 29571.90   |
| 0627  | MFT | 50000.000                  | NBI ACA NBC-F /NL/NFRAC    |   |    | 50000.00   | 50000.00   |
|   |     |                            |                            |   |    |            |  |
|   |     |                            |                            |   |    |            |  |
|   |     |                            |                            |   |    |            |  |

2 – Recipient's copy  
(You must include this information in your federal income tax return.  
Keep this copy for your files.)

2 – Copie du bénéficiaire  
(Vous devez inclure ces données dans votre déclaration de revenus fédérale.  
Conserver cette copie pour vos dossiers.)

- > The amount indicated in box 20 of the T5008 slip represents the data in our systems and should generally be equal to the book value indicated on the *Realized Capital Gains and Losses* Report provided by your Advisor. This amount represents the initial cost including a few adjustments, such as for transactions fees, reinvested distributions, as well as returns of capital and/or certain market events associated with the securities you hold (see the "Limitations of the report" section below for more information). Exceptionally, the amount in box 20 of the T5008 slip may differ from the amount in the *Realized Capital Gains and Losses* Report.
- > Additionally, as indicated in [the CRA Guide](#), the amount shown in box 20 of the T5008 slip may not represent the Adjusted Cost Base (ACB) required to calculate the gain/loss, even if it is equal to the amount in the *Realized Capital Gains and Losses* Report.
- > In all cases, you must take the "adjusted cost base" calculated based on your aggregate data as indicated on the following page. IMPORTANT: Keep the explanations of your ACB calculations, especially if they differ from the values shown in box 20 of your T5008 slips. This will allow you to respond to requests for additional information from tax authorities, as required.
- > If box 20 is left blank, it is because the institution does not have accurate information to report a book value. In this case, you will need to check your records to determine the ACB to calculate your gain or loss for tax purposes.
- > Note that if electronic slips are used, you must add the adjusted cost base manually in Schedule 3, otherwise the gain will be overvalued. Please see the section below outlining the concept of ACB.

## 7.1. How Capital Gain or Loss is Calculated

The fiscal gain or loss is calculated as: Proceeds of disposition minus (ACB minus the expenses incurred to sell the asset). Therefore, for tax purposes, the ACB is used to calculate the taxpayer's loss or gain at the time of disposition.

- > **Proceeds of Disposition:** Proceeds of disposition is the amount received or receivable in return for property or goods and is, generally, the sale price. Box 21 of the T5008 slip represents the proceeds of disposition before commissions or any expenses are disbursed.
- > **Commissions or Fees:** The fees or commissions disbursed are necessary to complete the calculation of the capital gain or loss mentioned above. Please refer to your portfolio statements or trade confirmations. For more information, contact your Advisor.
- > **ACB for Tax Purposes:** This is typically the cost of acquiring a security with certain upward or downward adjustments. For example, brokerage fees or commissions are added to the ACB and, for some securities, the ACB is reduced by capital distributions. Thus, "ACB" is a term defined by our tax laws.
- > **Special Rules for Identical Properties:** If an individual buys identical properties but at different prices, an average ACB must be calculated after each purchase. Dispositions of identical properties do not affect the ACB. The CRA considers that identical properties are securities that are similar based on key elements, such that a potential buyer will have no preference for one over the other. For example, shares of the same class of the capital stock of a corporation or units of a mutual fund trust will be considered identical properties.



Here is the link to the CRA's website that explains, in detail, the calculation of gains and losses on capital property, and how to properly complete your income tax return (e.g., Schedule 3). [Calculating and reporting your capital gains and losses](#)

The following example outlines the calculation of the average ACB for the same class of shares for the "XYZ Inc." corporation (i.e., the ACB for identical properties):

| XYZ Inc. |      | A                               | B                         | C           |              |             | D                     | E                        |
|----------|------|---------------------------------|---------------------------|-------------|--------------|-------------|-----------------------|--------------------------|
| Date     |      | Number of shares sold or bought | Purchase price/Sell price | Total (AxB) | Total Shares | Average ACB | Average ACB per share | Gains (losses) C – (AxD) |
| 10-Feb   | BUY  | 100                             | 12                        | 1200        | 100          | 1200        | 12                    |                          |
| 12-Mar   | BUY  | 150                             | 9                         | 1350        | 250          | 2550        | 10.2                  |                          |
| 15-Mar   | SELL | (50)                            | 8                         | 400         | 200          | 2040        | 10.2                  | (110)                    |
| 25-Jul   | BUY  | 200                             | 5                         | 1000        | 400          | 3040        | 7.6                   |                          |

#### Settlement Date vs. Transaction Date

A disposition for tax purposes is triggered on the settlement date rather than on the date the transaction was ordered.

#### Conversion to Canadian Dollars

Please note that all information reported on your income tax return must be in Canadian dollars (with a few exceptions). Therefore, for capital gain and loss purposes, the ACB must be calculated in Canadian dollars, even if the security (Canadian or foreign) is denominated in a different currency. The exchange rates in effect at the time of purchase and at the time of disposition must be used to calculate the ACB and the proceeds of disposition accordingly, in order to calculate the gain or loss. The same is true for items that affect the calculation of the ACB (e.g., capital distributions), as well as those that affect the calculation of the gain or loss (e.g., sales charges).

Note that in certain income situations, the CRA administratively allows the use of the average annual exchange rate, but this ministerial discretion does not apply to items related to the calculation of the capital gain or loss.

## 7.2. Realized Capital Gains and Losses Report

Your advisor can provide you with a *Realized Capital Gains and Losses* report. This report is a tool that will facilitate the collection of data for taxpayers who must complete Schedule 3 of their Federal *Income Tax and Benefit Return*. The *Realized Capital Gains and Losses* Report has its limitations (see the "Limitations of the Report" section 7.3.), and you or your accountant will have to analyze the report to determine how to properly complete Schedule 3. In particular, the cost stated in the report (Column 8) may not be the fiscal cost (for example, if the same property is held by you in another non-registered account, or when adjustments were not made). Please find below a sample of the *Realized Capital Gains and Losses* Report and a brief description of the data it presents.

**NATIONAL BANK  
FINANCIAL**  
WEALTH MANAGEMENT

M. NICOLAS COPERNIC (88-9991-A)

Cash

Period from January 1, 20XX to December 31, 20XX

Your Wealth Advisor

REALIZED GAINS AND LOSSES (CAD)

| 1                                      | 2            | 3           | 4                         | 5          | 6                       | 7        | 8                   | 9                  | 10               | 11          | 12               | 13               |
|--|--------------|-------------|---------------------------|------------|-------------------------|----------|---------------------|--------------------|------------------|-------------|------------------|------------------|
| Settlement Date                        | Type         | Quantity    | Description               | Unit Price | Proceeds of Disposition | Unit ACB | Book value          | Gain (or Loss)     | % Gain (or Loss) | No. of Days | Interest Portion | Accrued Interest |
| 2021/04/22                             | Sell         | (1,196)     | ALBERTA 3.05% 1DC48       | 101.56     | 1,228.84                | 103.49   | 1,237.73            | (23.08)            | (1.86)           | 307         |                  | 14.19            |
| 2021/04/22                             | Sell         | (1,339)     | BMO NVCC RX F/R 17JN30    | 101.71     | 1,371.43                | 100.17   | 1,341.27            | 20.56              | 1.53             | 307         |                  | 9.60             |
| 2021/04/19                             | Sell         | (275)       | BMO ULTRA S/T BD ETF-ACCM | 53.83      | 14,803.25               | 54.78    | 15,064.70           | (261.45)           | (1.74)           | 213         |                  |                  |
| 2021/11/01                             | Sell         | (210)       | BMO ULTRA S/T BD ETF-ACCM | 53.84      | 11,306.40               | 54.78    | 11,503.95           | (197.55)           | (1.72)           | 409         |                  |                  |
| <b>Total BMO ULTRA S/T BD ETF-ACCM</b> |              |             |                           |            | <b>\$ 26,109.65</b>     |          | <b>\$ 26,568.65</b> | <b>\$ (459.00)</b> |                  |             |                  |                  |
| 2021/04/20                             | Sell         | (1,300)     | BOND BASKET H             |            | 0.00                    | 0.00     | 0.00                | 0.00               |                  | 1           |                  |                  |
| 2021/03/01                             | Sell         | (33,669)    | BR ICM LP F /N/LN         | 99.53      | 3,351.22                | 99.54    | 3,351.25            | (0.03)             |                  | 516         |                  |                  |
| 2021/04/22                             | Sell         | (1,508)     | CANADA S-XG49 5.75% 1JN33 | 144.32     | 2,210.15                | 154.26   | 2,326.21            | (149.79)           | (6.44)           | 1,413       |                  | 33.73            |
| 2021/12/20                             | Sell         | (840)       | CANADA S-XG49 5.75% 1JN33 | 144.60     | 1,217.15                | 154.26   | 1,295.76            | (81.12)            | (6.26)           | 1,655       |                  | 2.51             |
| <b>Total CANADA S-XG49 5.75% 1JN33</b> |              |             |                           |            | <b>\$ 3,427.30</b>      |          | <b>\$ 3,632.07</b>  | <b>\$ (230.91)</b> |                  |             |                  | <b>\$ 36.24</b>  |
| 2021/04/22                             | Sell         | (2,288)     | CDA HSG TR 590 1.8%15DC24 | 103.55     | 2,383.58                | 104.80   | 2,397.82            | (28.68)            | (1.20)           | 160         |                  | 14.44            |
| 2021/04/22                             | Sell         | (2,483)     | CIBC DEP NT 1.9% 26AP21   | 100.02     | 2,506.51                | 100.27   | 2,489.74            | (6.24)             | (0.25)           | 1,035       |                  | 23.01            |
| 2021/04/26                             | Redemption   | (7,640)     | CIBC DEP NT 1.9% 26AP21   | 100.00     | 7,640.00                | 100.27   | 7,660.74            | (20.74)            | (0.27)           | 1,039       |                  |                  |
| <b>Total CIBC DEP NT 1.9% 26AP21</b>   |              |             |                           |            | <b>\$ 10,146.51</b>     |          | <b>\$ 10,150.48</b> | <b>\$ (26.98)</b>  |                  |             |                  | <b>\$ 23.01</b>  |
| 2021/11/25                             | Sell         | (743,435)   | FID S/C AM CN F/N/LN      | 18.83      | 14,000.00               | 11.95    | 8,884.78            | 5,115.22           | 57.57            | 938         |                  |                  |
| 2021/02/25                             | Sell         | (1,166)     | HORIZONS ACTV C/B-E ETF   | 11.19      | 13,047.77               | 10.94    | 12,758.81           | 288.96             | 2.26             | 1,358       |                  |                  |
| 2021/03/02                             | Sell         | (1,166)     | HORIZONS ACTV C/B-E ETF   | 11.03      | 12,855.38               | 10.94    | 12,758.81           | 96.57              | 0.76             | 1,363       |                  |                  |
| 2021/03/05                             | Sell         | (1,219)     | HORIZONS ACTV C/B-E ETF   | 11.07      | 13,494.57               | 10.94    | 13,338.76           | 155.81             | 1.17             | 1,366       |                  |                  |
| 2021/03/15                             | Sell         | (1,219)     | HORIZONS ACTV C/B-E ETF   | 11.06      | 13,482.63               | 10.94    | 13,338.76           | 143.87             | 1.08             | 1,376       |                  |                  |
| <b>Total HORIZONS ACTV C/B-E ETF</b>   |              |             |                           |            | <b>\$ 52,880.35</b>     |          | <b>\$ 52,195.14</b> | <b>\$ 685.21</b>   |                  |             |                  |                  |
| 2021/01/07                             | Contribution | (152,535)   | MU GL EQ F /N/LN          | 39.33      | 5,999.96                | 37.57    | 5,730.76            | 269.20             | 4.70             | 34          |                  |                  |
| 2021/01/28                             | Sell         | (2,000,000) | NBI CPA NBC F /N/LN       |            | 2,000.00                | 1.00     | 2,000.00            | 0.00               |                  | 171         |                  |                  |
| 2021/03/01                             | Sell         | (2,000,000) | NBI CPA NBC F /N/LN       |            | 2,000.00                | 1.00     | 2,000.00            | 0.00               |                  | 203         |                  |                  |
| 2021/03/29                             | Sell         | (2,000,000) | NBI CPA NBC F /N/LN       |            | 2,000.00                | 1.00     | 2,000.00            | 0.00               |                  | 14          |                  |                  |
| 2021/04/15                             | Sell         | (500,000)   | NBI CPA NBC F /N/LN       | 1.00       | 500.00                  | 1.00     | 500.00              | 0.00               |                  | 31          |                  |                  |
| 2021/04/16                             | Sell         | (572,400)   | NBI CPA NBC F /N/LN       | 1.00       | 572.40                  | 1.00     | 572.40              | 0.00               |                  | 32          |                  |                  |
| 2021/04/28                             | Sell         | (2,000,000) | NBI CPA NBC F /N/LN       |            | 2,000.00                | 1.00     | 2,000.00            | 0.00               |                  | 5           |                  |                  |
| 2021/05/28                             | Sell         | (2,000,000) | NBI CPA NBC F /N/LN       |            | 2,000.00                | 1.00     | 2,000.00            | 0.00               |                  | 35          |                  |                  |
| 2021/06/28                             | Sell         | (2,000,000) | NBI CPA NBC F /N/LN       |            | 2,000.00                | 1.00     | 2,000.00            | 0.00               |                  | 66          |                  |                  |

National Bank Financial - Wealth Management (NBFWM) is a division of National Bank Financial Inc. The information contained in this report was obtained from sources which we believe to be reliable. However, this information is not guaranteed by NBFWM, and may be incomplete. This report was prepared to make it easier to manage your portfolio. We must underline the fact that NBFWM's liability shall be limited to the accuracy of the information contained in your Investment Portfolio Statement. Therefore, information in your Investment Portfolio Statement will always take precedence over the information contained in the above-mentioned report.

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2022/01/12

11:41 AM

## Details :

- Settlement date:** Date when the transaction is payable; also used to calculate the number of days the security was held.
- Type:** Type of transaction that triggers a calculation of gains and/or losses. Other than a sale, there are other types of dispositions like maturity dates, contributions in-kind, or reimbursements. These transactions may not necessarily appear on the Realized Capital Gains and Losses Report.
- Quantity:** Represents the number of units sold, contributed, or reimbursed during the transaction. Note that for the same security, the transactions are shown separately.
- Description:** Description of the security as shown in all reports and on the firm's statements.
- Unit price:** Security price at the time of the sale, the contribution, or the reimbursement.
- Proceeds of disposition:** Net amount of the disposition. If the transaction is subject to brokerage fees, these have already been subtracted from the total.
- Unit acb:** Disbursed cost at the time of acquisition of the security, per unit.
- Book value:** Equivalent to the original cost with certain adjustments required by our tax laws to determine the adjusted cost base (ACB) necessary to calculate the tax gain or loss. For example, returns of capital reduce this amount. Please note that this amount may not represent the "adjusted cost base" required to calculate the capital gain or loss.
- Gain (or loss):** Equivalent to the difference between the amount under "BOOK VALUE" and the amount under "PROCEEDS OF DISPOSITION." If the result is positive, there is a gain and if it is negative, there is a loss.

- 10. % Gain (or loss):** This percentage is obtained by dividing the amount of the gain (or the loss) by the “ADJUSTED COST BASE” multiplied by 100.
- 11. No. of days:** The actual number of days that a security is held, if this information is available. If the security was received following a transfer or was not purchased with the firm, a date will automatically be applied to allow for the calculation of the gain or the loss and, in this case, the number of days shown may be inaccurate.
- 12. Interest portion:** The amount shown includes interest accrued since holding the security. This amount must be considered in the calculation of the gain (loss), i.e., *Column 6 (PD) minus Column 8 (BOOK VALUE) minus Column 12 (interest portion) = Column 9 (gain or loss)*. Note that a portion of the interest indicated has been included in your income for previous years. (Refer to the “Stripped Coupons and Residual Bonds” and “Premium or Discount Bonds” sections for more details concerning the taxation of interest income and the calculation of capital gain or loss).
- 13. Accrued interest:** At the time of the sale or the disposition of a discount security, this column displays the portion of interest included in the transaction total indicated in the “PROCEEDS OF DISPOSITION” column. This is additional information for the benefit of the client when completing a tax return.
- 14. Disclaimer** from NBFWM stating that information contained in the report was obtained from sources we believe to be reliable. However, this information is not guaranteed and may be incomplete.
- 15. Pagination, date, and production time of the report.**

### 7.3. Limitations of the *Realized Capital Gains and Losses Report* (hereinafter the “Report”)

As mentioned earlier, the *Realized Capital Gains and Losses Report* is not a form prescribed by the tax authorities. Therefore, certain limitations must be taken into consideration when filing your income tax return. Note that the tax authorities require financial institutions to submit, through the T5008 slip, specific information as described above.

- > **Book Value indicated on the Report:** the amount representing the “book value” in the Report may not represent the “adjusted cost base” required to calculate the fiscal gain or loss. For example, the Report does not consider identical properties that you may hold in another account to be an important consideration in determining ACB as defined under tax legislation (e.g., ITA).
- > **Reconciliation of your T5008 slip and the Report:** Certain transactions that do not appear on the Report may nevertheless be reported on the T5008 slip. For example, the contribution in-kind of a security to an RRSP or a TFSA generates a deemed disposition at fair market value. When this results in a capital loss, the latter is deemed to be nil according to tax legislation (“deemed to be nil”) and, therefore, is not included in the Report. However, the CRA requires that the transaction still be reported on the T5008 slip. Furthermore, the disposition of an investment in a money market security does not appear on the Report, because the cost and proceeds of disposition are the same and have not changed. However, since it is still considered a disposition, it must appear on the T5008 slip.

Warning: When the money market security is denominated in a foreign currency, a foreign exchange gain or loss may be realized depending on whether the exchange rates vary at the time of purchase and/or sale.

- > **Options to buy or sell:** Options transactions are subject to special tax rules. The Report contains information relevant to the calculation of the tax gain or loss from the various transactions involving put or call options. However, it is recommended not to use the information shown in the Gain (or Loss) column exclusively, but rather to use the data from the Report to calculate the gain or loss related to the transaction and such, in accordance with the rules pursuant to the ITA. Note that the calculation differs depending on the situation, i.e., whether you are the holder or signatory of the option, whether the option

is exercised or not, etc. For more information on the taxation of options, please refer to KPMG's Guide entitled "[Equity Options Tax Regime](#)" available on the Montreal Exchange TMX website:

- > **Exchange rate:** Note that when transferring a security from any account (internal or external), the exchange rate history may not have been transferred in the Report. However, to change your exchange rate history, please contact your Advisor.

## 7.4. Linked Notes

A linked note is a debt obligation, most often issued by a financial institution, the return on which is linked in some manner to the performance of one or more reference assets or indexes over the term of the obligation. Previously, selling a linked note prior to maturity generally only produced a capital gain or loss. Since January 1, 2017, all or a portion of any gain realized on the sale of a linked note is deemed to be interest that has accrued on the debt obligation. This measure ensures that any positive return on a linked note retains the same character, whether it is earned at maturity or reflected in a secondary market sale.

Caution: Certain products may be referred to as "Notes," but may not be subject to the rules of the Notes if the legal nature of the product doesn't fall within the definition of "linked bills" under ITA. For example, bills with fixed coupons (redeemable or not) are exempt because they don't provide for any variable or conditional interest in addition to fixed interest. Thus, these bills, whose interest payments do not depend in any way on the performance of at least one reference asset or index during the term, receive the same tax treatment as a conventional bond (see the section "Taxation of Bonds" below).

The following three elements must be identified at the sale or maturity of a linked note:

- 1 - Taxable interest (T5)
- 2 - Interest paid to the seller at purchase; this is deductible at the Carrying charges and interest expenses (no prescribed slip is required) section.
- 3 - Gain or loss, as applicable (T5008 and calculation of the ACB).

We recommend that you calculate each of the steps above in the following order:

- 1 - *Calculation of interest:* Paragraph 20(14.2) ITA stipulates that the difference between the amount received in exchange for the linked note (hereinafter, the "Sell Price") and the remaining capital (hereinafter, the "Face Value") is considered interest income, regardless of whether the linked note was sold before or after maturity. When there are returns of capital during the holding period, the repaid amount reduces the Face Value for the calculation of interest at the time of the disposition or the maturity of the linked note (see Example 6 below). Note that even if a capital loss is realized in the third step calculation, this capital loss does not reduce the interest calculated in this first step.

The CRA requires the portion of interest be reported on a T5.

- 2 - *Calculation of interest paid to the seller at purchase:* When a premium is paid upon the acquisition of a linked note, it is generally considered as interest paid to the seller. In this case, the purchaser would be entitled to deduct an amount, limited to the interest calculated in Step 1 and indicated on the T5 slip as "interest paid" pursuant to paragraph 20(14)(b) ITA. This amount must be provided in the section – Carrying charges and interest expenses. The interest paid also reduces the acquisition cost for the purpose of calculating the ACB (see Example 3 below).
- 3 - *Calculation of the gain or loss:* Upon the disposition or the maturity of the linked note, it is necessary to calculate whether there is a gain or loss. For this purpose, the proceeds of disposition must be reduced by the interest income included at the time of disposition or maturity (Step 1 above). In addition, the initial cost must be modified in certain circumstances to obtain the ACB required to calculate the capital gain

or loss. For additional information, please refer to the section entitled "How capital gain or loss is calculated" above.

The disposition or maturity must also be reported on a T5008 (box 15 = ELN or BLA for Linked Notes). However, the proceeds of disposition on the T5008 are reduced by the portion of interest indicated on the T5 slip.

**Note:** If the proceeds of disposition indicated in the Report are different from the ones identified on the T5008, please use the value indicated on the T5008 slip.

The following are examples illustrating the calculation of the interest and the capital gain (or loss) resulting from the disposition or the maturity of the linked note.

### Example 1: Purchase at face value

|                                 |            |
|---------------------------------|------------|
| Issue Price                     | \$1 000,00 |
| Investor's Purchase Price       | \$1 000,00 |
| Sell Price                      | \$1 020,00 |
| Interest (T5)                   | \$20,00    |
| <b>Gain (loss) calculation</b>  |            |
| Proceeds of Disposition         | \$1 020,00 |
| Adjustment (interest T5)        | \$20,00    |
| Proceeds of Disposition (T5008) | \$1 000,00 |
| Initial Cost                    | \$1 000,00 |
| Adjustment                      | \$0,00     |
| Adjusted Cost Base              | \$1 000,00 |
| Gain (loss)                     | \$0,00     |

### Example 2: Commissions

The payment of a commission requires an adjustment to the calculation of the capital gain (loss). If a \$25 commission was paid at the time of disposition, this amount must be considered in the calculation of the gain (loss). Please refer to the section "How capital gain or loss is calculated" above for more information. No adjustment is required when the commission is integrated into the product, that is, provided in the linked note's issuing document.

|                                 |         |
|---------------------------------|---------|
| Issue Price                     | \$1 000 |
| Investor's Purchase Price       | \$1 000 |
| Sell Price                      | \$1 020 |
| Purchase Commission             | \$0     |
| Sale Commission                 | \$25    |
| Interest (T5)                   | \$20    |
| <b>Gain (loss) calculation</b>  |         |
| Proceeds of Disposition         | \$1 020 |
| Adjustment (interest T5)        | \$20    |
| Proceeds of Disposition (T5008) | \$1 000 |
| Purchase Commission             | \$25    |
| Initial Cost                    | \$1 000 |
| Adjustment                      | \$0     |
| Adjusted Cost Base              | \$1 000 |
| Gain (loss)                     | \$25    |

**Example 3: Acquisition cost exceeds face value**

When a premium is paid upon the acquisition of a linked note, it is generally considered as interest paid to the seller. In this case, the purchaser would be entitled to deduct the amount as “interest paid” pursuant to paragraph 20(14)(b) of the ITA. This amount must be shown on line 22100 – Carrying charges and interest expenses. The interest paid also reduces the acquisition cost for the purpose of calculating the ACB.

|  |         |
|--|---------|
| Issue Price                            | \$1 000 |
| Investor's Purchase Price              | \$1 050 |
| Sell Price                             | \$1 070 |
| Interest (T5)                          | \$70    |
| Deduction for interest paid purchase   | \$50    |
| <b>Gain (loss) calculation</b>         |         |
| Proceeds of Disposition                | \$1 070 |
| Adjustment (interest T5)               | \$70    |
| Proceeds of Disposition (T5008)        | \$1 000 |
| Initial Cost                           | \$1 050 |
| Adjustment (interest paid on purchase) | \$50    |
| Adjusted Cost Base                     | \$1 000 |
| Gain (loss)                            | \$0     |

**Example 4: Acquisition cost below face value**

|                                       |         |
|---------------------------------------|---------|
| Issue Price                           | \$1 000 |
| Investor's Purchase Price             | \$998   |
| Sell Price                            | \$1 000 |
| Interest (T5)                         | \$0     |
| Deduction for interest paid on bought | \$0     |
| <b>Gain (loss) calculation</b>        |         |
| Proceeds of Disposition               | \$1 000 |
| Adjustment (interest T5)              | \$0     |
| Proceeds of Disposition (T5008)       | \$1 000 |
| Initial Cost                          | \$998   |
| Adjustment (interest paid)            | \$0     |
| Adjusted Cost Base                    | \$998   |
| Gain (loss)                           | \$2     |

**Example 5: Foreign currency linked notes**

Interest received (and taxable) is converted using the exchange rate at the time of payment. Interest paid (deductible on line 22100 – Carrying charges and interest expenses) is converted at the exchange rate applicable at the time of acquisition.

For the purposes of calculating the gain (loss), proceeds of disposition and related expenses are converted at the exchange rate at either the time of disposition or maturity, as the case may be. Proceeds of disposition are reduced by the interest included in Canadian dollars. Finally, the initial cost is converted to the exchange rate at the time of acquisition. ACB adjustments (such as interest paid) are converted at the exchange rate when they occur.

|                                       | US      |                   | Rate of conversion in CDN dollars |         |
|---------------------------------------|---------|-------------------|-----------------------------------|---------|
| Issue Price                           | \$1 000 | January 16, 2017  | 1,1                               | \$1 100 |
| Investor's Purchase Price             | \$1 050 | April 18, 2017    | 1,2                               | \$1 260 |
| Sell Price                            | \$1 070 | November 26, 2017 | 1,3                               | \$1 391 |
| Interest (T5)                         | \$70    |                   | 1,3                               | \$91    |
| Deduction for interest paid on bought | \$50    |                   | 1,2                               | \$60    |
| <b>Gain (loss) calculation</b>        |         |                   |                                   |         |
| Proceeds of Disposition               | \$1 070 |                   | 1,3                               | \$1 391 |
| Adjustment (interest T5)              | \$70    |                   | 1,3                               | \$91    |
| Proceeds of Disposition (T5008)       | \$1 000 |                   |                                   | \$1 300 |
| Initial Cost                          | \$1 050 |                   | 1,2                               | \$1 260 |
| Adjustment (interest paid)            | \$50    |                   |                                   | \$60    |
| Adjusted Cost Base                    | \$1 000 |                   |                                   | \$1 200 |
| Gain (loss)                           | \$0     |                   |                                   | \$100   |

**Example 6: Return on capital**

When there are returns of capital during the holding period, the repaid amount reduces the face value for the calculation of interest at the time of the disposition or the maturity of the linked note. This amount also reduces the purchase price to obtain the ACB for the calculation of the gain or loss.

|                                 |         |
|---------------------------------|---------|
| Issue Price                     | \$1 000 |
| Investor's Purchase Price       | \$1 000 |
| Return on capital               | \$200   |
| Sell Price                      | \$820   |
| Interest (T5)                   | \$20    |
| <b>Gain (loss) calculation</b>  |         |
| Proceeds of Disposition         | \$820   |
| Adjustment (interest T5)        | \$20    |
| Proceeds of Disposition (T5008) | \$800   |
| Initial Cost                    | \$1 000 |
| Adjustment (Return on capital)  | \$200   |
| Adjusted Cost Base              | \$800   |
| Gain (loss)                     | \$0     |



## 7.5. Premium or Discount Bonds

Generally, a bond that trades in a secondary market allows investors to buy and sell the bond at prices that fluctuate due to several factors, including the interest rate in effect at the time of the transaction. Thus, the bond may be **sold** at a lower price (at a discount), a higher price (at a premium), or at a price equal to its face value.

Bonds will often have interest income and the potential for capital gain (loss). If it is a capital loss, it cannot be applied against interest income (capital losses only indicate capital gains, with the possibility of being carried over to the previous 3 years or indefinitely in the future, always against capital gains).

### Calculation of the interest portion

ITA requires taxpayers who hold investment contracts (including bonds) acquired after December 31, 1989, to report their interest income annually. Thus, interest income must be declared annually on the anniversary date of the investment. Interest is added to the ACB annually. At the time of sale, it is likely a portion of the accrued interest will be included in the sale price. Therefore, the seller must add this portion of accrued interest to his/her income. The purchaser may **deduct the interest paid**. Note that the buyer will receive the T5 slip for the full year, but deduct the portion paid to the seller.

### Calculation of gain (loss) in the year of disposition

For the seller, the difference between the **sale price** and the **price paid after subtracting the portion representing the interest accrued since the last interest payment** will then constitute a capital gain or loss.

#### Example for the seller of a bond

- > Bond acquired on January 1, 2022, and maturing in 2035
- > Interest rate = 3% annually payable semi-annually on June 30 and December 31 of each year
- > Face value: \$10,000
- > Price paid: \$10,000
- > Sale of the bonds before maturity on July 31, 2022, at a price of \$9,500. This amount includes accrued interest since the last payment.
- > Tax impact for the seller:

|                                 |                   |                    |         |  |
|---------------------------------|-------------------|--------------------|---------|--|
| Face value                      |                   | 10 000 \$          |         |  |
| Interest rate                   |                   | 3%                 |         |  |
| Interest income calculation     |                   | 2022               |         |  |
| Half-yearly payment 1           | Jan. 1 to June 30 | 148,77 \$          | 181/365 |  |
| Half-yearly payment 2           | July 1 to July 31 | 25,48 \$           | 31/365  |  |
|                                 | <b>TOTAL</b>      | <b>174,25 \$</b>   |         |  |
| Capital Gain (Loss) Calculation |                   | 2022               |         |  |
| Selling price                   |                   | 9 500,00 \$        |         |  |
| Reduction of accrued interest   |                   | 25,48 \$           |         |  |
| ACB                             |                   | 10 000,00 \$       |         |  |
| <b>Capital loss</b>             |                   | <b>(525,48) \$</b> |         |  |
| <b>Allowable capital loss</b>   |                   | <b>(262,74) \$</b> |         |  |

- > The seller must include \$174.25 in interest income. Moreover, he also realizes a capital loss which must reduce the capital gains of the same year. The excess can be carried over to the previous 3 years or indefinitely in the future.

### Another example of an obligation

- > Same example as above, but with a sale price of \$10,500 on July 31, 2022.

|                                 |                           |                  |         |
|---------------------------------|---------------------------|------------------|---------|
| Face value                      |                           | 10 000 \$        |         |
| Interest rate                   |                           | 3%               |         |
| Interest income calculation     |                           | 2022             |         |
| Half-yearly payment 1           | 1er janvier au 30 juin    | 148,77 \$        | 181/365 |
| Half-yearly payment 2           | 1er juillet au 31 juillet | 25,48 \$         | 31/365  |
|                                 | <b>TOTAL INTÉRÊTS</b>     | <b>174,25 \$</b> |         |
| Capital Gain (Loss) Calculation |                           | 2022             |         |
| Selling price                   |                           | 10 500,00 \$     |         |
| Reduction of accrued interest   |                           | 25,48 \$         |         |
| ACB                             |                           | 10 000,00 \$     |         |
| <b>Capital loss</b>             |                           | <b>474,52 \$</b> |         |
| <b>Allowable capital loss</b>   |                           | <b>237,26 \$</b> |         |

- > The seller must include \$174.25 in interest income. In addition, he realizes a capital gain.

## 7.6. FAQ –T5008

- > **Q.1.: Under what circumstances may adjustments to the amount shown in box 20 of my T5008 slip be required to determine the ACB for tax purposes?**

**A.1.:** There are a wide variety of reasons why the amount in box 20 may not accurately reflect the ACB, including:

- > when a security was transferred into your account, the information that was provided by the institution that transferred the security may have been incorrect. It is necessary to check whether the cost of the security indicated on the broker's statement following the change is the correct tax cost or whether it is the market value at the time the client changed firm.
- > when interest paid on bonds acquired between 2 interest payment periods for which the deduction of such interest paid is forgotten
- > when you hold identical securities in more than one non-registered account, even when the accounts are all at the same institution.
- > when you have a history of losses subject to the superficial loss regulations.
- > when you have made a tax election, undertaken certain rollover transactions (including a spousal or estate rollover), or have been subject to "deemed disposition" rules for the security.
- > certain market events such as mergers, acquisitions, and foreign spin-off reorganizations may not have been properly considered.

- > if you disposed of interests in mutual funds, income trusts, royalty trusts, real estate investment trusts (REITs), exchange traded funds (ETFs), or limited partnerships, the amount in box 20 may not reflect reimbursements of capital (which reduce the ACB) or reinvested distributions (which increase the ACB).
  - > if you have entered short sale transactions and the position was not fully hedged during the year, the book value may not be accurately reflected.
- > **Q.2.: If there is a difference between the amount that is shown on the T5008 and the Report, which number takes precedence?**

**A.2.:** The amounts on the T5008 take precedence. For example, if the client sells his position and a book value adjustment subsequently occurs, the book value on the T5008 will be different.

## 8. T5013 Slip – Statement of Partnership Income

If you hold units of a limited partnership (or units of a partnership), you will receive tax information on a T5013 slip. Note that you will receive a separate T5013 for each limited partnership (or partnership) for which you hold units.

**Canada Revenue Agency / Agence du revenu du Canada**

**T5013**  
Statement of Partnership Income  
État des revenus d'une société de personnes

Filer's name and address – Nom et adresse du déclarant  
AMERICAN HOTEL INCM REIT LPU  
1650-401 WEST GEORGIA STREET  
VANCOUVER BC V6B5A1

Fiscal period end / Exercice se terminant le  
YYYY MM DD  
20XX 12 31

Tax shelter identification number (see statement on reverse side) / Numéro d'inscription d'un abri fiscal (voir l'annexe au dos)  
TS

Partnership account number (15 characters) / Numéro du compte de la société de personnes (15 caractères)  
001 000000000RZ0000

Partner's identification number / Numéro d'identification de l'associé  
006

Partner's name and address – Nom et adresse de l'associé  
FIRST NAME SURNAME  
PRÉNOM NOM  
ADDRESS  
ADRESSE  
PREPARE PAR : FINANCIERE BANQUE NATIONALE

Partner code / Code de l'associé  
002 0

Country code / Code du pays  
003 CAN

Recipient Type / Genre de bénéficiaire  
004 3

Partner's share (%) of partnership / Part de l'associé (%) dans la société de personnes  
005 0.0009

TOTAL DIST. \$ 142.50

Total limited partner's business income (loss) / Total du revenu (de la perte) d'entreprise du commanditaire  
010

Total business income (loss) / Total du revenu (de la perte) d'entreprise  
020

Total capital gains (losses) / Total des gains (pertes) en capital  
030

Capital cost allowance / Déduction pour amortissement  
040

| Box – Case | Code | Other information – Autres renseignements | Box – Case | Code | Amount – Montant | Box – Case | Code | Amount – Montant |
|------------|------|---|------------|------|------------------|------------|------|------------------|
|            |      |   | 113        |      | 65.18            |            |      |                  |
|            |      |   | 128        |      | 0.24             |            |      |                  |
|            |      |   | 135        |      | 127.11           |            |      |                  |
|            |      |   | 135        | USA  | 127.11           |            |      |                  |
|            |      |   | 210        |      | 50.05            |            |      |                  |
|            |      |   | 211        | USA  | 50.05            |            |      |                  |

T5013 (14) Protected B when completed – Protégé B une fois rempli

Privacy Act / Loi sur la protection des renseignements personnels: CRA PPU 047 and CRA PPU 009 / ARC 047 et ARC PPU 009

Please note that a holder of partnership units must inform the CRA of the partnership's allocation, which may differ from the amounts received in the account. Therefore, the taxpayer should use the amounts shown on the T5013 statement. Note that, for information purposes, the amount which has been distributed is generally shown on the top right-hand corner of the T5013 slip.

You can now use the CRA's "My Account" and the auto-fill function to facilitate the preparation of your tax return. However, please note that the T5013 slip is issued in the name of the partnership, and you will not find a T5013 slip issued under NBFWM's name. The information shown on your T5013 slip will therefore be reported in "My Account," under the name of each partnership.

Due to the complexity and number of boxes and information shown on the T5013, we strongly recommend that you visit the [CRA website](https://www.cra.gc.ca) to learn more about this topic.

Partnerships that are incorporated as tax shelters or that waive certain fees in favour of the original investor often provide complete and detailed information on their website regarding the taxation of the amounts reported on the T5013 slip. In addition, their website should also help establish how to report these amounts in your tax return. We, therefore, suggest that you visit these partnerships' websites for additional information.

## 8.1. FAQ –T5013

- > **Q.1.: I received a T5013 slip from NBF. However, I do not find any T5013 slips issued under NBFWM's name in the list provided in the CRA's "My Account." Why?**

**A.1.:** The T5013 slips are issued by NBF, but on behalf of the partnership. The revenues shown on the T5013 slips are reported under the partnership's name in "My Account." Therefore, you will not find a T5013 slip issued under NBFWM's name in "My Account."

## 8.2. Joint Accounts

When an account is held jointly between spouses, the client must allocate the income, the gains, and the losses generated based on everyone's contribution, even if only one tax slip is issued.



Hence, tax legislation applies attribution rules, disallowing income splitting in certain situations involving gifts and loans to a spouse, common-law partner, and minor children.

## 9. RRSP



### 9.1. RRSP Contribution Receipt

If you have contributed to an RRSP of which you or your spouse (or common-law partner) is an annuitant between March 2, 2022 and March 1, 2023, you will receive an RRSP contribution receipt. Receipts will be issued for two separate periods: the first one corresponding to contributions between March 2, 2022 and December 31, 2022, and the second covering the first 60 days of 2022 from January 1, 2023, to March 1, 2023.


It is important to complete *Schedule 7* of your 2022 income tax return and attach all receipts including those covering the first 60 days of 2022, even if you do not claim RRSP deductions on your 2021 income tax return for some or all contributions made between March 2, 2022 and March 1, 2023.

|   |                |  |                                       |   |  |
|---|----------------|--|---------------------------------------|---|--|
|  <b>NATIONAL BANK FINANCIAL</b><br>WEALTH MANAGEMENT |                | 130 King Street West<br>Suite 3200<br>Toronto, Ontario M5X 1J9   |                                       | REGISTERED RETIREMENT SAVINGS PLAN<br>ATTACH TO FEDERAL INCOME TAX RETURN |  |
| <b>DUPLICATE</b>  |                |  |                                       |   |  |
| DATE  | ACCOUNT NUMBER | DURING THE FIRST 60 DAYS OF THE YEAR (\$)  | DURING THE REMAINDER OF THE YEAR (\$) | CONTRIBUTOR'S NAME  |  |
| DEC 31, 2019  | 00-0000-0      |  | 740.00                                | NAME SURNAME  |  |
| NAME SURNAME<br>ADDRESS   |                | ANNUITANT'S SOCIAL INSURANCE NUMBER<br>000 000 000   |                                       | CONTRIBUTOR'S SOCIAL INSURANCE NUMBER<br>000 000 000                      |  |
| Contribution was in whole or in part, in kind <input type="checkbox"/>  |                |  |                                       |   |  |
| F3010-400 (2015-10-01)<br>Official tax receipt  |                | Registered under the Income Tax Act (CANADA) and subject thereto. PER <br>AUTHORIZED OFFICER |                                       |   |  |

|   |                |   |                                       |  |  |
|---|----------------|---|---------------------------------------|--|--|
|  <b>NATIONAL BANK FINANCIAL</b><br>WEALTH MANAGEMENT |                | 130 King Street West<br>Suite 3200<br>Toronto, Ontario M5X 1J9  |                                       | REGISTERED RETIREMENT SAVINGS PLAN<br>ATTACH TO PROVINCIAL INCOME TAX RETURN |  |
| <b>DUPLICATE</b>  |                |   |                                       |  |  |
| DATE  | ACCOUNT NUMBER | DURING THE FIRST 60 DAYS OF THE YEAR (\$)   | DURING THE REMAINDER OF THE YEAR (\$) | CONTRIBUTOR'S NAME   |  |
| DEC 31, 2019  | 00-0000-0      |   | 740.00                                | NAME SURNAME   |  |
| NAME SURNAME<br>ADDRESS   |                | ANNUITANT'S SOCIAL INSURANCE NUMBER<br>000 000 000  |                                       | CONTRIBUTOR'S SOCIAL INSURANCE NUMBER<br>000 000 000                         |  |
| Contribution was in whole or in part, in kind <input type="checkbox"/>  |                |   |                                       |  |  |
| F3010-400 (2015-10-01)<br>Official tax receipt  |                | Registered under the Income Tax Act (CANADA) and subject thereto. PER <br>AUTHORIZED OFFICER |                                       |  |  |

|   |                |  |                                       |   |  |
|---|----------------|--|---------------------------------------|---|--|
|  <b>NATIONAL BANK FINANCIAL</b><br>WEALTH MANAGEMENT |                | 130 King Street West<br>Suite 3200<br>Toronto, Ontario M5X 1J9 |                                       | REGISTERED RETIREMENT SAVINGS PLAN<br>DUPLICATE RETAINED BY RECIPIENT |  |
| <b>DUPLICATE</b>  |                |  |                                       |   |  |
| DATE  | ACCOUNT NUMBER | DURING THE FIRST 60 DAYS OF THE YEAR (\$)                      | DURING THE REMAINDER OF THE YEAR (\$) | CONTRIBUTOR'S NAME  |  |
| DEC 31, 2019  | 00-0000-0      |  | 740.00                                | NAME SURNAME  |  |
| NAME SURNAME<br>ADDRESS   |                | ANNUITANT'S SOCIAL INSURANCE NUMBER<br>000 000 000             |                                       | CONTRIBUTOR'S SOCIAL INSURANCE NUMBER<br>000 000 000                  |  |
| Contribution was in whole or in part, in kind <input type="checkbox"/>  |                |  |                                       |   |  |

## 9.2. Spousal or Common-Law Partner's RRSP

You can contribute into a spousal or common-law partner's RRSP instead of yours. These contributions will be deductible on your income tax return based on your RRSP deduction limit (i.e., RRSP contribution room). You will need to separately identify, in Schedule 7, the contributions made to your own RRSP from those made to your spousal or common-law partner's RRSP.

## 9.3. Excess Contributions

A special tax of 1% per month is payable on contributions made to an RRSP that exceed your RRSP deduction limit by more than \$2,000.

If you are subject to this special tax, you must complete a T1-OVP return, "Individual Tax Return for RRSP, SPP and PRPP - Excess Contributions," send it to your tax center and make a payment within 90 days following the end of the calendar year to avoid paying a penalty or interest.

The application of this special tax (1%) may cease either:

- > when you have new RRSP contribution room;
- > at the time of withdrawal of excess contributions.

## 9.4. Withdrawal of Excess Contributions

If you withdraw excess contributions from your RRSP, you will have to include the withdrawn amount in your income for the year of withdrawal, even if you have never deducted this amount in your previous tax returns. However, an offsetting deduction can be claimed when certain conditions are met. You can refer to [Form T746](#) to find out if you are eligible for this offsetting deduction.



## 10. RRSP or RRIF Withdrawal – T4RSP and T4RIF Slips

If you made a withdrawal from your RRSP or RRIF account during the year, you will receive a T4RSP or T4RIF slip, as applicable showing the amount withdrawn and taxes withheld. The taxes withheld will be credited to your taxes owed on your income tax return. You may still have to pay taxes, particularly if you have other sources of income.

| Canada Revenue Agency / Agence du revenu du Canada  |  | STATEMENT OF RRSP INCOME / ÉTAT DU REVENU PROVENANT D'UN REER            |  | T4RSP   |   |
|---|--|--|--|---|---|
| Year / Année: 20XX  | 16 Annuity payments / Paiements de rentes: 10000.00          | 18 Refund of premiums / Remboursement des primes: -                      | 20 Refund of excess contributions / Remboursement des contributions excédentaires: -   | 22 Withdrawal and contributions payments / Retrait et paiements de cotisations: 10000.00          | 24 LLP withdrawal / Retrait LLP: -  |
| 28 Other income or deductions / Autres revenus ou déductions: -   | 30 Income tax deducted / Impôt sur le revenu retenu: 2000.00 | 34 Amounts deemed received on death / Montants réputés reçus au décès: - | 36 Transfers on breakdown of marriage or common-law partnership / Transferts après rupture du mariage ou de l'union de fait: - | 38 Transfers to spouse or common-law partner / Transferts au conjoint ou au partenaire de fait: - | 40 Spousal or common-law partner 2022 / Conjoint ou partenaire de fait 2022: NO |
| Occupant's name and address - Nom et adresse du bénéficiaire<br>Last name (print) / Nom de famille (en lettres imprimées): FIRST NAME SURNAME<br>Prénom NOM<br>Address / Adresse: ADRESSE                         |  |  |  |   |   |
| Privacy Act / Personal Information Bank number CRA RPU 665 and CRA RPU 647<br>Loi sur la protection des renseignements personnels / Fichier de renseignements personnels ARC RPU 665 et ARC RPU 647<br>T4RSP (XX) |  |  |  |   |   |

| Canada Revenue Agency / Agence du revenu du Canada  |  | STATEMENT OF INCOME FROM A REGISTERED RETIREMENT INCOME FUND / ÉTAT DU REVENU PROVENANT D'UN FONDS ENREGISTRÉ DE REVENU DE RETRAITE |                         | T4RIF  |   |
|---|--|---|-------------------------|--|---|
| Year / Année: 20XX  | 16 Taxable amounts / Montants imposables: 20000.00 | 18 Deceased / Décédé: -   | 20 Deceased / Décédé: - | 22 Other income or deductions / Autres revenus ou déductions: 4161.58  | 24 Access amount / Montant d'accès: -   |
| 28 Income tax deducted / Impôt sur le revenu retenu: 416.16   | 30 Year / Année: -                                 | 32 Month / Mois: -  | 34 Day / Jour: -        | 36 Transfers on breakdown of marriage or common-law partnership / Transferts après rupture du mariage ou de l'union de fait: - | 38 Transfers to spouse or common-law partner / Transferts au conjoint ou au partenaire de fait: - |
| Occupant's name and address - Nom et adresse du bénéficiaire<br>Last name (print) / Nom de famille (en lettres imprimées): FIRST NAME SURNAME<br>Prénom NOM<br>Address / Adresse: ADRESSE                         |  |   |                         |  |   |
| Privacy Act / Personal Information Bank number CRA RPU 665 and CRA RPU 647<br>Loi sur la protection des renseignements personnels / Fichier de renseignements personnels ARC RPU 665 et ARC RPU 647<br>T4RIF (XX) |  |   |                         |  |   |

### 10.1. Attribution Rules: Calculation of the Amount to be Included in Your Income and in the Income of Your Spouse or Common-Law Partner

When you withdraw from a spousal or common-law partner's RRSP, it is possible that all or part of the amount on the T4RSP or T4RIF slip is reattributed to you (even if the slip is issued in the annuitant's name), meaning that the amount must be included in your income tax return (the contributor's tax return).

If you contributed to a spousal or common-law partner's RRSP in 2020, 2021, or 2022, you may have to include in your 2021 income some or all the amounts withdrawn from the spousal or common-law partner's RRSP.

In the year of withdrawal (e.g., 2022), you must include the lesser of the amount you contributed to your spouse's RRSP for the year of withdrawal (2022) as well as the two previous years (2021 and 2020) or the amount that your spouse or common-law partner has withdrawn from his/her RRSP (e.g., 2022).

Please review the [CRA website](#) for more information.

Use Form T2205, “Amounts from a Spousal or Common-law Partner RRSP, RRIF or SPP to Include in Income” to calculate the amount to be included in your own income tax return and in the return of your spouse or common-law partner.

In all cases, the individual whose name appears on the slip must declare the tax withheld. Most of the time, after a withdrawal, the information slip is made in the name of the annuitant. However, you must report income as calculated in Parts 1 and 2 of Form T2205.

## 10.2. Exceptions

The attribution rules do not apply in the following situations:

- > You and your spouse or common-law partner were living separately at the time of withdrawal due to a breakdown of the relationship.
- > At the time of withdrawal, you or your spouse or common-law partner were non-residents of Canada.
- > Regarding the Prescribed Minimum RRIF Amount: the attribution rules apply only to amounts in excess of the minimum withdrawal for the year.
- > In the year of death.

## 11. Transfer of a RRIF/LIF to an RRSP/LIRA

It is possible, in certain circumstances, that an annuitant transfers funds from his/her RRIF/LIF to his/her RRSP/LIRA. While this transfer is not taxable, the amount transferred from the RRIF (LIF) to the RRSP (LIRA) will trigger the issuance of a T4RIF and a tax receipt marked 60 I) (v). The T4RIF will result in the inclusion of the amount in declared income, while the tax receipt marked 60 I) (v), included as appropriate on Schedule 7 of the Federal income tax return (transfer section), will provide a deduction that will negate the inclusion of the income.

Note, however, that the following transfers do not generate tax slips and do not affect the reporting of income: an RRSP/LIRA to an RRSP/LIRA, an RRSP/LIRA to an RRIF/LIF, or an RRIF/LIF to an RRIF/LIF.

## 12. RESP Withdrawal – T4A Slip

RESP income or grant withdrawal will trigger the issuance of a T4A slip in the name of the beneficiary of the plan. RESP capital withdrawals are not taxable.

**T4A**  
Statement of Pension, Retirement, Annuity, and Other Income  
État du revenu de pension, de retraite, de rente ou d'autres sources

Year / Année: 20XX

Payer's name – Nom du payeur: NATIONAL BANK FINANCIAL

Payer's program account number / Numéro de compte de programme du payeur: 061

Social insurance number / Numéro d'assurance sociale: 012 999 999 999

Recipient's program account number / Numéro de compte de programme du bénéficiaire: 013

Recipient's name and address – Nom et adresse du bénéficiaire:  
Last name (print) – Nom de famille (en lettres moulées): FIRST NAME SURNAME  
First name – Prénom: PRENOM NOM  
Address – Adresse: ADDRESS ADRESSE

Income amounts:  
Pension or superannuation – line 11500: 016  
Lump-sum payments – line 13000: 018  
Annuities / Rentes: 024  
Income tax deducted – line 43700: 022  
Self-employed commissions: 020  
Fees for services: 046

Other information (see page 2) / Autres renseignements (voir à la page 2):  
Box – Case Amount – Montant: 042 872.62

## 13. Tax-Free Savings Account (TFSA)

The TFSA is an account that allows a taxpayer to save and invest on a tax-free basis. Any amounts accumulated in a TFSA or withdrawn from the account are generally not taxable.

### 13.1. Eligibility

Any individual who is 18 years of age or older and who has a valid Canadian Social Insurance Number is eligible to open a TFSA. To make contributions, the holder must be a tax resident of Canada. Individuals who reach the age of 18 during the year must wait until their birthday to open a TFSA. In Canadian provinces where the age of majority is 19 (British Columbia, New Brunswick, Nova Scotia, Nunavut, the Northwest Territories, Yukon, and Newfoundland/Labrador), a TFSA account for an individual who is 18 years of age must be opened as follows: "Name of the Child, C/O name of the guardian, tutorship to minors." When the individual turns 19, a new TFSA account will have to be opened in the individual's name and new documents must be signed by the individual.

### 13.2. Annual TFSA Contribution Limit

The TFSA contribution limit in 2023 is \$6,500, for 2022 (as for 2019, 2020, and 2021) it remains at \$6,000. The limit will be indexed to the inflation rate for subsequent years and will be rounded to the nearest \$500. The annual contribution limit from 2009 to 2012 was \$5,000. The contribution limit for each of 2013, 2014, 2016, 2017 and 2018 was \$5,500. Exceptionally, the 2015 contribution limit was \$10,000.

A TFSA contribution is not deducted from income (unlike an RRSP contribution). Unused contribution room will be carried forward to future years indefinitely and there is no cumulative limit. In addition, withdrawals from a TFSA in any given year will be added to the individual's contribution room for the following year. This allows individuals withdrawing money from their TFSA to use their accumulated savings to recontribute an amount equivalent to the withdrawal in the following or subsequent years.

The calculation of the annual contribution room is as follows:

$$\text{Unused contribution room from previous years} + \text{withdrawals made in the previous year} \\ + \text{current year's contribution room.}$$

For example, an individual has unused contribution room of \$10,000 and withdraws \$7,000 in a given year. The following year, that individual may, therefore, contribute \$17,000 in addition to that year's contribution limit. As with RRSPs, it is not possible for financial institutions to calculate, for the client, the amount they are entitled to contribute to their TFSA. Note, however, that it is possible to find this information on the CRA's "My Account." For more information, see the following webpage: [TFSA Contributions](#)

"In-kind" contributions are allowed. The amount of the contribution will be equal to the fair market value (FMV) of the property. CRA considers that there was a disposition of the property at FMV at the time of the contribution. If the FMV exceeds the fiscal cost of the property, a capital gain must be reported when filing your tax return. However, if the fiscal cost is greater than the FMV, no capital loss will be permitted since the loss would be considered "deemed to be nil" under ITA.

There is no maximum age for contributing. No tax slip will be issued. Each year, CRA will determine the permitted contribution amount for the TFSA holder. Interest paid on money borrowed and invested in a TFSA is not deductible for tax purposes.

### 13.3. Excess Contributions

Excess TFSA contributions are subject to a 1% tax per month. If the CRA suspects that the excess contributions were deliberate, a 100% tax will be levied on income earned on these contributions. There is no special procedure to withdraw excess contributions, i.e., a regular withdrawal must be made. The withdrawal of excess contributions will not allow the holder to accumulate new contribution room.

> **Example:**

Rosanna is a 31-year-old Canadian resident. She opened a TFSA on February 6, 2009 and contributed the maximum amount she could contribute from 2009 to 2021. In February 2022, she contributed \$4,500. Later that year, she received an unexpected \$4,100. She forgot that her contribution room for 2022 was limited to \$6,000 and decided to contribute the full amount (\$4,100) to her TFSA on October 30, 2022.

After making this contribution, Rosanna had an excess of \$2,600 in her TFSA because the total amount she contributed as of October 30 was \$8,600 (\$4,500 + \$4,100), and this amount exceeded her 2022 contribution room of \$6,000.

If Rosanna has made no further contributions to her TFSA and no withdrawals during the remainder of 2022, she has a tax liability of \$78 on her excess TFSA amount. This amount was calculated by

multiplying the highest excess amount in each month by 1% for each of the three months from October to December; therefore,  $\$2,600 \times 1\% \times 3 \text{ months} = \$78$ .

If, after making her \$4,100 contribution on October 30, 2022, Rosanna realized her error and withdrew \$2,600 on October 31, she still would have been subject to a 1% tax on the \$2,600 excess amount, but only for October. Her tax liability would have been \$26 ( $\$2,600 \times 1\% \times 1 \text{ month}$ ). (Example from the CRA Guide)

Note that the application of this special 1% tax may cease when the taxpayer has new TFSA contribution rights.

### 13.4. Withdrawals

TFSA withdrawals may be made at any time, for any reason, and are not taxable. The total amount of the withdrawals may be re-contributed to the TFSA in the following or subsequent years (due to the increase in contribution room). Hence, a TFSA withdrawal restores contribution room, which is not the case for RRSP withdrawals.

### 13.5. Plan's Maturity Date

Unlike an RRSP where you must terminate the plan when reaching 71 years of age, there is no termination date for a TFSA. The TFSA, therefore, offers seniors aged 71 and over a tax-free savings vehicle.

### 13.6. Operating a Business

Income/gains earned in TFSAs (structured as trusts) are generally not taxable except for business income. Indeed, if the CRA determines that the TFSA trust is used during "carrying on a business," the income/gains earned by that business (net of business losses) may be subject to tax. Note that it is the TFSA trust and not you (via personal tax return(s)) that is subject to tax at the top marginal rate on the first dollar of taxable income.

#### What is business income?

Depending on the circumstances, frequent trading activities with a short holding period (or "day trading") may be considered to be carrying on a business - even if it takes place in a TFSA trust.

In recent years, the CRA has increased its scrutiny of TFSAs where frequent or speculative trading is taking place.

Several factors are considered when determining whether a TFSA trust is being used for business purposes. These factors include: the frequency of trading, the repetition of similar transactions, the length of time the securities have been held, the intention to purchase securities for short-term profit, the speculative nature and quantity of securities traded, the knowledge of the securities markets, and the amount of time spent by the holder studying those markets. None of these factors is determinative and they are all considered in concluding that a person is carrying on a business.

A key trigger for the CRA appears to be where the FMV of the account is significantly greater than the total maximum TFSA contributions that can be made to date.

For example, if a TFSA has an abnormally high FMV and there have been several trades with a short holding period ("day trading"), the CRA may consider that the increase in value of the TFSA indicates it is held by a holder with special knowledge of securities who is engaged in market speculation. Therefore, business income is present.

If the CRA determines the TFSA holder has carried on a business in their TFSA trust, any gains/income (net of losses) related to that business activity realized by the TFSA trust will be taxed as business income. Such income will be taxed via a Trust Income Tax and Information Return at the highest rate applicable to individuals (approximately 50% depending on the holder's province of residence). Income that is subject to tax in the TFSA trust includes dividends and interest, as well as the full amount of gains net of realized losses. Gains and losses do not benefit from the 50% tax rate because the TFSA trust is considered to be carrying on a securities trading business.

The TFSA holder is jointly and severally liable with the trustee of the TFSA trust for any tax payable on income earned from carrying on a business in the TFSA trust, such that the CRA will be able to look directly to the holder to collect it if there are insufficient assets in the TFSA to pay it. If you are thinking of operating a business through your TFSA trust, call your Advisor.

## 14. Miscellaneous

### 14.1. Real Return Bonds (RRBs) in Non-Registered Accounts

If you hold this type of bond and require further information, please visit [nbfwm.ca](http://nbfwm.ca)

### 14.2. NR4 Slip (Federal) – Statement of Amounts Paid or Credited to Non-Residents of Canada

Non-residents of Canada will receive a NR4 stating the gross investment income, the tax withheld (if applicable), as well as withdrawals from registered accounts. Usually, the withholding tax will be considered a final tax and the non-resident should not be required to file a Canadian income tax return unless the non-resident is in a special situation.

| Canada Revenue Agency  |      | Agence du revenu du Canada                |     | NR4                                |       | STATEMENT OF AMOUNTS PAID OR CREDITED TO NON-RESIDENTS OF CANADA<br>ÉTAT DES SOMMES PAYÉES OU CRÉDITÉES À DES NON-RÉSIDENTS DU CANADA |             |
|--|------|---|-----|------------------------------------|-------|---|-------------|
| 10 Year<br>Année   | 20XX | 11 Recipient code<br>Code du bénéficiaire | 1   | 12 Country code<br>Code pays       | F R A | Payer or agent identification number<br>Numéro d'identification du payeur ou de l'agent   | XXXXXX      |
|  |      |   |     |                                    |       | 13 Foreign or Canadian tax identification number<br>Numéro d'identification étranger ou canadien aux fins de l'impôt                  | 000 000 000 |
| Line<br>Ligne  | 14   | Income code<br>Code de revenu             | 6 1 | 15 Currency code<br>Code de devise | C A D | 16 Gross income<br>Revenu brut  | 9814 93     |
| Line<br>Ligne  | 24   |   |     | 25                                 |       | 17 Non-resident tax withheld<br>Impôt des non-résidents retenu  | 0 00        |
| Line<br>Ligne  | 2    |   |     | 25                                 |       | 18 Exemption code<br>Code d'exemption   | S           |
| Non-resident recipient's name and address – Nom et adresse du bénéficiaire non-résident  |      |   |     |                                    |       |   |             |
| Individual's surname, first name and initial / Corporation, organization, association, trust, or institution name<br>Nom, prénom et initiale du particulier / Nom de la société, de l'organisme, de l'association, de la fiducie ou de l'établissement |      |   |     |                                    |       |   |             |
| Second individual's surname, first name and initial / Nom, prénom et initiale du deuxième particulier  |      |   |     |                                    |       |   |             |
| Address / Adresse  |      |   |     |                                    |       |   |             |
| FIRST NAME SURNAME<br>PRÉNOM NOM<br>ADDRESS<br>ADRESSE   |      |   |     |                                    |       |   |             |
| Name and address of payer or agent<br>Nom et adresse du payeur ou de l'agent   |      |   |     |                                    |       |   |             |
| FINANCIERE BANQUE NATIONALE<br>1155 RUE METCALFE<br>MONTREAL QC<br>H3B 4S9   |      |   |     |                                    |       |   |             |
| Non-resident account number<br>Numéro de compte non-résident   |      |   |     |                                    |       |   |             |
| XXXXXXXXXX   |      |   |     |                                    |       |   |             |
| Country code<br>Code pays  |      |   |     |                                    |       |   |             |
| F R A  |      |   |     |                                    |       |   |             |
| Privacy Act, Personal Information Bank numbers CRA PPU 005 and CRA PPU 047.<br>Loi sur la protection des renseignements personnels, Fichiers de renseignements personnels numéros ARC PPU 005 et ARC PPU 047.  |      |   |     |                                    |       |   |             |
| NR4 (XX)   |      |   |     |                                    |       |   |             |

In addition, non-residents of Canada holding units of a limited partnership (or units of a partnership) may also receive a T5013 slip. For more information on the T5013 slip, please refer to the relevant section above.



### 14.3. Stripped Coupons and Residual Bonds

Essentially, it is a bond with interest coupons which are separate from the principal. Each coupon can then be sold separately at a price representing the present value of the cash to be received. Both the residual bond and interest coupons that have been separated from the principal amount constitute debt obligations that, for tax purposes, are governed by the rules applicable and prescribed by regulation. Thus, "notional" interest must be included annually in the investor's income although no interest will be paid or received during the year.

In general, the amount of notional interest deemed to accrue each year is determined using the "actual annual return" calculation based on the purchase price and maturity value, and this interest is considered to be compounded annually. Once the "actual annual return" is determined, the following formula is applied for each year:

$$(\text{Purchase price plus interest from previous years}) \times \text{real interest rate} \times \text{number of days the warrant is held} \div \text{number of days in the year of sale} = \text{interest to be included in income}$$

The imputed interest accrued during each fiscal year is calculated based on the anniversary date of the issuance of the underlying bond. For example, if a stripped coupon or residual bond was purchased on February 1 of a year and the anniversary date of its issuance was June 30, notional interest would only need to be accrued for five months in the year of purchase. However, for each subsequent year, notional interest would have to be earned from the preceding July 1 to June 30 of the subsequent year.


- > Example: A residual bond of \$5,000 is acquired on February 2, 2018, for a price of \$3745. The anniversary date of the underlying bond is June 30. The bond will mature on June 30, 2023. Therefore, there is a real annual yield of 5.5%.

| Actual Output 5.5% | Underlying Bond Anniversary Date |            | June 30           | # of Days |
|--------------------|----------------------------------|------------|-------------------|-----------|
|                    | Date of Bond Acquisition         |            | February 2, 2018  | Held      |
| YEAR               | Basis for Interest Calculation   |            | Notional Interest | DAYS      |
| 2018               |                                  | \$3,745.00 | \$84.05           | 149       |
| 2019               |                                  | \$3,829.05 | \$210.52          |           |
| 2020               |                                  | \$4,039.57 | \$222.09          |           |
| 2021               |                                  | \$4,261.67 | \$234.31          |           |
| 2022               |                                  | \$4,495.97 | \$247.19          |           |
| 2023               |                                  | \$4,743.16 | \$260.78          |           |
|                    |                                  |            | <b>\$1,258.94</b> |           |



## Tax and Investment Guide 2022 (Canada except Quebec)

To help you prepare your income tax return, you will receive an annual Interest Accrued report indicating the amount to be added to your return.



Cash

Period from January 1, 2020 to December 31, 2020

Your Investment Advisor

ACCUMULATED INTEREST (CAD)

| Client Name | Description             | Last Purchase | Trans. Type | Quantity | YTM Cost | THEORETICAL PRICE |        | Accum. Interest |
|-------------|-------------------------|---------------|-------------|----------|----------|-------------------|--------|-----------------|
|             |                         |               |             |          |          | Beginning         | Ending |                 |
|             | INT-ONTARIO PROV 2JUN20 | 2019/03/29    | Held        |          |          | n/a               | n/a    | n/a             |
|             | INT-QUEBEC HYD 15AG21   | 2019/03/29    | Sell        | (51,510) | 1.91     | 96.27             | 97.53  | 658.47          |
|             | INT-QUEBEC HYD 15AG21   | 2019/03/29    | Sell        | (51,525) | 1.91     | 96.27             | 97.99  | 893.97          |
|             |                         |               |             |          |          |                   |        | \$ 1,552.45     |
|             | INT-ONTARIO PROV 2JUN22 | 2019/03/29    | Held        | 43,785   | 2.14     | 93.82             | 95.84  | 881.95          |
|             | INT-ONTARIO PROV 2DC22  | 2020/03/25    | Buy         | 35,961   | 1.09     | 97.12             | 97.85  | 263.03          |
|             | INT-ONTARIO PROV 2DC22  | 2020/03/25    | Sell        | (8,170)  | 1.09     | 97.12             | 97.32  | 16.20           |
|             |                         |               |             |          |          |                   |        | \$ 279.23       |
|             | INT-ONTARIO PROV 2JUN26 | 2019/06/28    | Buy         | 54,000   | 2.11     | 86.45             | 88.15  | 919.90          |
|             | INT-QUEBEC HYD 15AG27   | 2019/03/29    | Held        | 82,650   | 2.77     | 80.24             | 82.48  | 1,856.91        |
|             | INT-QUEBEC HYD 15AG28   | 2019/03/29    | Held        | 56,235   | 2.55     | 79.60             | 81.64  | 1,148.63        |
|             | INT-QUEBEC HYD 15AG28   | 2019/08/19    | Buy         | 18,000   | 1.90     | 84.35             | 85.94  | 286.87          |
|             | INT-QUEBEC HYD 15AG28   | 2019/09/17    | Buy         | 9,900    | 2.29     | 81.61             | 83.32  | 169.27          |
|             |                         |               |             |          |          |                   |        | \$ 1,604.76     |

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2021/01/27

08:21 AM

If you have disposed of stripped coupons or residual bonds and you have received a Realized Capital Gains and Losses Report (See example in section 7.2.) please note that the amount indicated under Portion of interest corresponds to the cumulative amount of interest **since the acquisition of the security**.

#### 14.4. Calculation of Gain (Loss) if Sold Before Maturity

Disposal of a stripped coupon prior to maturity will result in a capital gain or loss.

Let's take the previous example, but with the coupon sold on September 30, 20X0, for a sale price of \$4,400.

| Interest Calculation                      |            |            |
|---|------------|------------|
| Proceeds of Disposition                   |            | \$4,400.00 |
| Adjusted Cost Base                        |            |            |
| Initial Cost                              | \$3,745.00 |            |
| Initial Income 20X0                       | \$84.05    |            |
| Initial Income 20X1                       | \$210.60   |            |
| Initial Income 20X2                       | \$281.26   | *          |
| *To Anniversary Date (June 30, 20X2)      | \$222.18   |            |
| *July 1 to Sale Date (September 30, 20X2) | \$59.08    |            |
|   |            | \$4,320.91 |
| Gain (Loss)                               |            | \$79.09    |

|                               |                                |  |                   |                |                    |      |
|-------------------------------|--------------------------------|--|-------------------|----------------|--------------------|------|
| Actual Output (5.5%)          | Underlying Bond Anniversary    |  |                   |                |                    |      |
|                               | Date                           |  | June 30           | # of Days Held |                    |      |
|                               | Date of Bond Acquisition       |  | February 2, 2018  |                |                    |      |
| YEAR                          | Basis for Interest Calculation |  | Notional Interest | DAYS           |                    |      |
| 20X0                          | \$3,745.00                     |  | \$84.05           | 149            | February 2, 20X0   | Buy  |
| 20X1                          | \$3,829.05                     |  | \$210.60          | 365            |                    |      |
| 20X2                          | \$4,039.65                     |  | \$222.18          | 365            |                    |      |
| 20X2 (July 1 to September 30) | \$4,261.83                     |  | \$59.08           | 92             | Septembre 30, 20X2 | Sale |
|                               |                                |  |                   |                |                    |      |
|                               |                                |  |                   |                |                    |      |
|                               |                                |  |                   |                |                    |      |
|                               |                                |  | <b>575,91 \$</b>  |                |                    |      |

## 15. U.S. Tax Slips

### 15.1. Form 1042-S (Foreign Person's U.S. Source Income Subject to Withholding)

If you are not a U.S. citizen and you have received U.S. source income from an indirect account (i.e., a non-registered account for which the beneficiary is a limited partnership, an investment club or association that is not incorporated, a unique shareholder, a transferor trust, or a simple trust), you will receive Form 1042-S. This slip will show the income generated by your account, as well as withholdings remitted to the U.S. Internal Revenue Service (IRS).

RESP and TFSA accounts are treated as individual accounts. Due to its QI (Qualified Intermediary) status, the Bank is therefore not obligated to produce individual 1042-S slips to RESP and TFSA account holders who have had income from U.S. sources during the year. A joint statement will be sent to the IRS according to QI obligations (pooled reporting).

| Form 1042-S  |  | Foreign Person's U.S. Source Income Subject to Withholding   |  | 20XX  |  | OMB No. 1545-0096   |  |
|--|--|--|--|---|--|---|--|
| Department of the Treasury<br>Internal Revenue Service                   |  | Information about Form 1042-S and its separate instructions is at <a href="http://www.irs.gov/form1042">www.irs.gov/form1042</a> . |  | Copy B<br>for Recipient                                     |  |   |  |
| 1 Income code<br>06  |  | 2 Gross income<br>357.58   |  | 3 Chap. 3: 1<br>3a Exemption code: 00<br>3b Tax rate: 15.00 |  | 4 Chap. 4: 1<br>4a Exemption code: 15<br>4b Tax rate: 60.00                 |  |
| 5 Withholding allowance  |  | 6 Net income   |  | 7 Federal tax withheld<br>0.00                              |  | Check if tax not deposited under escrow procedure <input type="checkbox"/>  |  |
| 8 Tax withheld by other agents<br>53.64                                  |  | 9 Tax assumed by withholding agent<br>53.64  |  | 10 Total withholding credit<br>53.64                        |  | 11 Amount repaid to recipient   |  |
| 12a Withholding agent's EIN<br>000000000                                 |  | 12b Ch. 3 status code 12   |  | 12c Ch. 4 status code                                       |  | 14e Primary Withholding Agent's Name (if applicable)<br>NBSCH INC           |  |
| 13a Withholding agent's name<br>FINANCIERE BANQUE NATIONALE              |  | 13b Withholding agent's Global Intermediary Identification Number (GIIN)<br>XXXXXXXXXXXXXX   |  | 14f Primary Withholding Agent's EIN<br>000000000            |  | 15a Intermediary or flow-through entity's EIN, if any<br>RESP-FINANCIAL INC |  |
| 13c Country code<br>CA   |  | 13d Foreign taxpayer identification number, if any   |  | 15b Ch. 3 status code 10                                    |  | 15c Ch. 4 status code   |  |
| 13e Address (number and street)<br>1155 RUE METCALFE                     |  | 13f City or town, state or province, country, ZIP or foreign postal code<br>MONTREAL QC H3B 4S9                                    |  | 16 Country code<br>CA                                       |  | 16d Foreign tax identification number, if any                               |  |
| 13g Recipient's U.S. TIN, if any   |  | 16 (e) (f) Address (number) and street<br>City or town, state or province, country, ZIP or foreign postal code                     |  | 17 Recipient's GIIN   |  | 18 Recipient's foreign tax identification number, if any                    |  |
| 14a Recipient's name   |  | 14b Recipient's country code   |  | 19 Recipient's account number<br>XXXXXX                     |  | 20 Recipient's date of birth  |  |
| 14c City or town, state or province, country, ZIP or foreign postal code |  | 21 Payer's name  |  | 22 Payer's TIN  |  | 23 Payer's GIIN   |  |
| 24 State income tax withheld   |  | 25 Payer's state tax no.   |  | 26 Name of state  |  |   |  |

For Privacy Act and Paperwork Reduction Act Notice, see instructions. Cat. No. 11366R Form 1042-S (20XX)

| Date 20XX                               | Quantity | Description                | Entry Type | Account Currency | Amount (Curr. Rate) | US\$  |
|---|----------|----------------------------|------------|------------------|---------------------|-------|
| <b>YOUR CANADIAN ACCOUNT XXX-XXXX-X</b> |          |                            |            |                  |                     |       |
| 01-08                                   | 400      | GLOBAL X SUPERDIVIDEND ETF | DIV        | 24.65            | 0.9247              | 24.69 |
| 01-08                                   | 400      | GLOBAL X SUPERDIVIDEND ETF | WTRX2      | 4.00             | 0.9247              | 3.70  |
| 02-12                                   | 400      | GLOBAL X SUPERDIVIDEND ETF | DIV        | 24.67            | 0.9103              | 24.10 |
| 02-12                                   | 400      | GLOBAL X SUPERDIVIDEND ETF | WTRX2      | 3.87             | 0.9103              | 3.61  |
| 03-12                                   | 400      | GLOBAL X SUPERDIVIDEND ETF | DIV        | 24.82            | 0.8996              | 24.10 |
| 03-12                                   | 400      | GLOBAL X SUPERDIVIDEND ETF | WTRX2      | 4.02             | 0.8996              | 3.61  |
| 04-10                                   | 400      | GLOBAL X SUPERDIVIDEND ETF | DIV        | 24.29            | 0.9165              | 24.10 |
| 04-10                                   | 400      | GLOBAL X SUPERDIVIDEND ETF | WTRX2      | 3.94             | 0.9165              | 3.61  |
| 05-12                                   | 400      | GLOBAL X SUPERDIVIDEND ETF | DIV        | 24.22            | 0.9181              | 24.10 |
| 05-12                                   | 400      | GLOBAL X SUPERDIVIDEND ETF | WTRX2      | 3.93             | 0.9181              | 3.61  |
| 06-11                                   | 400      | GLOBAL X SUPERDIVIDEND ETF | DIV        | 24.20            | 0.9199              | 24.10 |
| 06-11                                   | 400      | GLOBAL X SUPERDIVIDEND ETF | WTRX2      | 3.93             | 0.9199              | 3.61  |
| 07-11                                   | 400      | GLOBAL X SUPERDIVIDEND ETF | DIV        | 25.75            | 0.9358              | 24.09 |
| 07-11                                   | 400      | GLOBAL X SUPERDIVIDEND ETF | WTRX2      | 3.86             | 0.9358              | 3.61  |
| 08-12                                   | 400      | GLOBAL X SUPERDIVIDEND ETF | DIV        | 24.24            | 0.9168              | 24.10 |
| 08-12                                   | 400      | GLOBAL X SUPERDIVIDEND ETF | WTRX2      | 3.93             | 0.9168              | 3.61  |
| 09-11                                   | 400      | GLOBAL X SUPERDIVIDEND ETF | DIV        | 24.51            | 0.9090              | 24.10 |
| 09-11                                   | 400      | GLOBAL X SUPERDIVIDEND ETF | WTRX2      | 3.87             | 0.9090              | 3.61  |
| 10-10                                   | 400      | GLOBAL X SUPERDIVIDEND ETF | DIV        | 24.96            | 0.8938              | 24.09 |
| 10-10                                   | 400      | GLOBAL X SUPERDIVIDEND ETF | WTRX2      | 4.04             | 0.8938              | 3.61  |
| 11-12                                   | 400      | GLOBAL X SUPERDIVIDEND ETF | DIV        | 27.25            | 0.8861              | 24.09 |
| 11-12                                   | 400      | GLOBAL X SUPERDIVIDEND ETF | WTRX2      | 4.09             | 0.8861              | 3.61  |
| 12-10                                   | 400      | GLOBAL X SUPERDIVIDEND ETF | DIV        | 27.63            | 0.8722              | 24.10 |
| 12-10                                   | 400      | GLOBAL X SUPERDIVIDEND ETF | WTRX2      | 4.14             | 0.8722              | 3.61  |

## 15.2. Form 1099 – DIV (Dividend and Distributions) and Form 1099-INT (Interest Income)

If you are a “documented” U.S. investor, whether residing in the United States or not, you will receive Form 1099-DIV and/or Form 1099-INT corresponding to your U.S. source dividend income and/or interest income, respectively, generated by your investments in your RESP, RDSP and TFSA accounts.

If you are an “undocumented” U.S. investor, you will receive Form 1099-DIV and/or Form 1099-INT for U.S. source income from your non-registered accounts in addition to those from your RESP, RDSP, and TFSA accounts.

In this context, “documented” refers to the supporting documents establishing U.S. residency and/or citizenship of the client which can be established by completing the IRS Form W-9.

| NATIONAL BANK FINANCIAL<br>130 KING STREET WEST<br>SUITE 3200<br>TORONTO, ONTARIO M5X 1J9 |          | IRS INVESTMENT INCOME SUMMARY - 20XX |               |                    |                      |        |
|---|----------|--------------------------------------|---------------|--------------------|----------------------|--------|
|   |          | RECIPIENT ID 000000000               |               |                    |                      |        |
| FIRST NAME SURNAME<br>ADDRESS<br>ADDRESS<br>ADDRESS                                       |          |                                      |               |                    |                      |        |
| Date<br>20XX  | Quantity | Description                          | Entry<br>Type | Amount<br>Currency | Amount<br>Conv. Rate | US\$   |
| <b>YOUR U.S. ACCOUNT</b>  |          |                                      |               |                    |                      |        |
| 20XX-XXXX-XX  |          |                                      |               |                    |                      |        |
| 14.01.21  | 200      | MONTREAL CO                          | DIV           |                    |                      | 84.00  |
| 14.02.03  | 400      | FREEDPORT-MONTREAL COFFIN            | DIV           |                    |                      | 325.00 |
| 14.03.03  | 300      | CLIFF'S NATURAL RES INC              | DIV           |                    |                      | 45.00  |
| 14.03.20  | 350      | MONTREAL CO-NEW                      | DIV           |                    |                      | 87.50  |
| 14.04.25  | 200      | MONTREAL CO                          | DIV           |                    |                      | 84.00  |
| 14.05.01  | 400      | FREEDPORT-MONTREAL COFFIN            | DIV           |                    |                      | 325.00 |
| 14.06.03  | 300      | CLIFF'S NATURAL RES INC              | DIV           |                    |                      | 45.00  |
| 14.06.19  | 350      | MONTREAL CO-NEW                      | DIV           |                    |                      | 87.50  |

| PAYER'S name, street address, city or town, province or state, country, ZIP or foreign postal code, and telephone no.<br>FINANCIERE BANQUE NATIONALE<br>1155 RUE METCALFE<br>MONTREAL QC<br>H3B 4S9 |  | OMB No. 1545-0110  |  | Dividends and Distributions   |  |
|---|--|--|--|---|--|
| 1a Total ordinary dividends<br>\$ 20.00   |  | 20XX   |  | Form 1099-DIV   |  |
| 1b Qualified dividends<br>\$ 20.00  |  | 2c Total capital gain dist.<br>\$                          |  | 2d Unrecap. Sec. 1250 gain<br>\$  |  |
| 2e Section 1202 gain<br>\$  |  | 2f Collectibles (28%) gain<br>\$                           |  | Copy B<br>For Recipient   |  |
| PAYER's federal identification number<br>000000000  | RECIPIENT's identification number<br>000000000 | 3 Nondividend distributions<br>\$                          |  | 4 Federal income tax withheld<br>\$   |  |
| RECIPIENT's name, street address (including apt. no.), city or town, province or state, country, and Zip or foreign postal code   |  | 5 Investment expenses<br>\$                                |  | 6 Foreign tax paid<br>\$  |  |
| 7 Foreign tax paid<br>\$  |  | 8 Cash liquidation distributions<br>\$                     |  | 9 Noncash liquidation distributions<br>\$                                     |  |
| 10 Exempt interest dividends<br>\$  |  | 11 Specified private activity and interest dividends<br>\$ |  | 12 State distribution tax<br>\$   |  |
| 13 State distribution tax<br>\$   |  | 14 State tax withheld<br>\$                                |  | 15 State tax withheld<br>\$   |  |
| Account number (see instructions)<br>00000000   |  | Form 1099-DIV  |  | www.irs.gov/form1099div Department of the Treasury - Internal Revenue Service |  |

**Instructions for Recipient**

**Recipient's identification number.** For your protection, this form may show only the last four digits of your social security number (SSN), individual taxpayer identification number (ITIN), or adoption taxpayer identification number (ATIN). However, the issuer has reported your complete identification number to the IRS and, where applicable, to state and/or local governments.

**Account number.** May show an account or other unique number the payer assigned to distinguish your account.

**Box 1a.** Shows total ordinary dividends that are taxable. Include this amount on line 9a of Form 1040 or 1040A. Also, report it on Schedule B (1040A or 1040), if required.

**Box 1b.** Shows the portion of the amount in box 1a that may be eligible for reduced capital gains rates. See Form 1040/1040A instructions for how to determine this amount. Report the eligible amount on line 9b, Form 1040 or 1040A.

**Box 1c.** Shows the portion of the amount in box 1a that may be eligible for the amount shown may be dividends a corporation paid directly to you as a participant (or beneficiary of a participant) in an employee stock ownership plan (ESOP). Report it as a dividend on your Form 1040/1040A but treat it as a gain distribution, not as investment income, for any other purpose.

**Box 2a.** Shows total capital gain distributions from a regulated investment company or real estate investment trust. Report the amounts shown in box 2a on Schedule D (Form 1040), line 13. But, if no amount is shown in boxes 2a-2c and your only capital gains and losses are capital gain distributions, you may be able to report the amounts shown in box 2a on line 13 of Form 1040 (line 10 of Form 1040A) rather than Schedule D. See the Form 1040/1040A instructions.

**Box 2b.** Shows the portion of the amount in box 2a that is unrecaptured section 1250 gain from certain depreciable real property. Report this amount on the Unrecaptured Section 1250 Gain Worksheet-Line 18 in the Schedule D instructions (Form 1040).

**Box 2c.** Shows the portion of the amount in box 2a that is section 1202 gain from certain small business stock that may be subject to an exclusion. See the Schedule D (Form 1040) instructions.

**Box 2d.** Shows 28% rate gain from sales or exchanges of collectibles. If required, use this amount when completing the 28% Rate Gain Worksheet-Line 18 in the instructions for Schedule D (Form 1040).

**Box 3.** Shows the part of the distribution that is nontaxable because it is a return of your cost (or other basis). You must reduce your cost (or other basis) by this amount for figuring gain or loss when you sell your stock. But if you get back all your cost (or other basis), report future distributions as capital gains. See Pub. 550, Investment Income and Expenses.

**Box 4.** Shows backup withholding. A payer must backup withhold on certain payments if you did not give your taxpayer identification number to the payer. See Form W-9, Required for Taxpayer Identification Number and Certification, for information on backup withholding. Include this amount on your income tax return as tax withheld.

**Box 5.** Shows your share of expenses of a nonpublicly offered regulated investment company, generally a nonpublicly offered mutual fund. If you file Form 1040, you may deduct these expenses on the "Other expenses" line on Schedule A (Form 1040) subject to the 2% limit. This amount is included in box 1a.

**Box 6.** Shows the foreign tax you may be able to claim as a deduction or a credit on Form 1040. See the Form 1040 instructions.

**Box 7.** This box should be left blank if a regulated investment company reported the foreign tax shown in box 6.

**Boxes 8 and 9.** Shows cash and noncash liquidation distributions.

**Box 10.** Shows exempt-interest dividends from a mutual fund or other regulated investment company paid to you during the calendar year. Include this amount on line 8b of Form 1040 or 1040A as tax-exempt interest. This amount may be subject to backup withholding. See box 4.

**Box 11.** Shows exempt-interest dividends subject to the alternative minimum tax. This amount is included in box 10. See the instructions for Form 6551.

**Box 12-14.** State income tax withheld reporting boxes. **Box 12.** Shows the amount of state income tax withheld from another person, you are considered a nominee recipient. You must file Form 1099-DIV with a Form 1099 with the IRS for each of the other owners to show their share of the income, and you must furnish a Form 1099-DIV to each. A spouse is not required to file a nominee return to show amounts owned by the other spouse. See the 2014 General Instructions for Certain Information Returns.

**Future developments.** For the latest information about the developments related to Form 1099-DIV and its instructions, such as legislation enacted after they were published, go to [www.irs.gov/form1099div](http://www.irs.gov/form1099div).

### 15.3. Form 1099-B (Proceeds from Broker and Barter Exchange Transactions)

If you are a “documented” U.S. investor residing in the United States, you will receive Form 1099-B reporting the dispositions of all securities from your RESP, RDSP, and TFSA accounts (e.g., U.S., Canadian, and other sources).

If you are an “undocumented” U.S. investor residing in the United States, you will receive Form 1099-B reporting the dispositions of all the securities from your non-registered accounts in addition to those from your RESP, RDSP, and TFSA accounts.

There is no Form 1099-B generated for U.S. investors not residing in the United States.

In this context, “documented” refers to the supporting documents establishing U.S. residency and/or citizenship of the client, which can be established by completing the IRS Form W-9.

You must use these tax slips to file your U.S. tax return (Form 1040).

| NATIONAL BANK FINANCIAL<br>130 KING STREET WEST<br>SUITE 3200<br>TORONTO, ONTARIO M5X 1Z9 |          |                      |        |                  |      |           |                       |           |                 | IRS TRADING SUMMARY - 20XX |                     |  |  |
|---|----------|----------------------|--------|------------------|------|-----------|-----------------------|-----------|-----------------|----------------------------|---------------------|--|--|
|   |          |                      |        |                  |      |           |                       |           |                 | RECIPIENT ID               | 000000000           |  |  |
| FIRST NAME SURNAME<br>ADDRESS<br>ADDRESS<br>ADDRESS                                       |          |                      |        |                  |      |           |                       |           |                 |                            |                     |  |  |
| DATE  | QUANTITY | SECURITY DESCRIPTION | PRICE  | PROCEEDS (COSTS) | COMM | CONV RATE | PROCEEDS (COSTS) US\$ | COMM US\$ | UNCOVERED (Y/N) | WASH SALE US\$             | LONG/SHORT TERM L/S |  |  |
| <b>YOUR CANADIAN ACCOUNT</b> X-XXXX-X   |          |                      |        |                  |      |           |                       |           |                 |                            |                     |  |  |
| 11.14   | 250-     | ALTER MNG CORP-NEM   | 2.71   | 699.75           |      | 0.8826    | 538.17                |           | Y               | 0.00                       | 0.00                |  |  |
| Total Proceeds  |          |                      |        |                  |      |           | 538.17                |           |                 |                            |                     |  |  |
| 11.14   | 128,972- | ML1 GRW OFF CL /N    | 27.398 | 3,533.57         |      | 0.8826    | 3,118.73              |           | Y               | 0.00                       | 0.00                |  |  |

| FINANCIERE BANQUE NATIONALE<br>1155 RUE METCALFE<br>MONTREAL QC<br>H3B 4S9 |              |          |                   |                           |                         |                      |                              |               |                      | OMB - No. 1545-0715  |                            |                               |                             |
|--|--------------|----------|-------------------|---------------------------|-------------------------|----------------------|------------------------------|---------------|----------------------|--|----------------------------|-------------------------------|-----------------------------|
| Investment Advisor: PRÉNON NOM<br>Phone Number:                            |              |          |                   |                           |                         |                      |                              |               |                      | 1099B - Substitute Statement - 20XX<br>Proceeds From Broker & Barter Exchange Transactions |                            |                               |                             |
|  |              |          |                   |                           |                         |                      |                              |               |                      | RECIPIENT ID   | 000000000                  |                               |                             |
|  |              |          |                   |                           |                         |                      |                              |               |                      | PAYER'S FED. ID. No.   | 000000000                  |                               |                             |
| *****  |              |          |                   |                           |                         |                      |                              |               |                      |  |                            |                               |                             |
| *****  |              |          |                   |                           |                         |                      |                              |               |                      |  |                            |                               |                             |
| *****  |              |          |                   |                           |                         |                      |                              |               |                      |  |                            |                               |                             |
| *****  |              |          |                   |                           |                         |                      |                              |               |                      |  |                            |                               |                             |
| Date Sold or Disposed (Box 1c)   | CUSIP Number | Qty Sold | Proceeds (Box 1d) | Fed Inc Tax Withd (Box 4) | Description (Box 1a)    | Date of Acq (Box 1b) | Cost or Other Basis (Box 1e) | Code (Box 1f) | Adjustments (Box 1g) | Loss Not Allowed (Box 7)   | Uncovered Security (Box 5) | Basis Reported to IRS (Box 3) | Long/Short Term L/S (Box 2) |
| <b>YOUR CANADIAN ACCOUNT</b> X-XXXX-X                                      |              |          |                   |                           |                         |                      |                              |               |                      |  |                            |                               |                             |
| 02.18  | 122902GG5    | 10,000   | 9,123.00          |                           | BDC CIBLE SI T/V 18FV14 |                      | 0.00                         |               | 0.00                 |  | Y                          |                               |                             |

Reported to IRS:

( ) Sales Price (X) Sales Price Less Commissions and Option Premiums

## FAQ – Tax Slips and Miscellaneous

### **Q.1.: What is a 1042-S?**

**A.1.:** 1042-S is a form produced by the U.S. Internal Revenue Service (IRS). It provides information on U.S. source income and withholdings associated with this income.

### **Q.2.: Why did I receive Form 1042-S?**

**A.2.:** According to the information documented in your account, you are not considered a U.S. person, and U.S. source income has been paid to your account.

### **Q.3.: Why were there withholdings on my registered account when income paid into this account is not taxable?**

**A.3.:** It is true that income is not taxed in a registered account for Canadian tax purposes. There are, however, withholdings on U.S. source income paid into a TFSA, RESP, or registered disability savings plan (RDSP). These are considered "non-registered vehicles," and, therefore, taxable by U.S. tax authorities. The withholdings associated with these accounts cannot be recovered through the Canadian foreign tax credit mechanism. Note that the treatment is different for RRSP/RRIF accounts; no withholding tax will be levied for these since the United States recognizes Canadian RRSPs and RRIFs as having non-taxable "registered plan" status. Thus, in accordance with the Tax Treaty between Canada and the United States, money or investments held in an RRSP/RRIF continue to grow tax-free as long as no amounts are withdrawn.

The withholding rate may differ according to the documentation that you provide at account opening, as well as your country of residence. The Tax Treaty between the United States and certain countries, including Canada, provides the right to a reduced withholding rate. To be eligible for the Treaty's preferential tax rate, you must provide documentation establishing your place of residence, i.e., the IRS Form "W-8BEN" or any other acceptable document. We strongly recommend that you contact your Investment Advisor to determine the forms required for your specific situation. If you do not fill in the required documentation, the maximum withholding rate of 30% will be applied to all U.S. source income paid into your non-registered accounts, TFSAs, RESPs, and RDSPs. This withholding is remitted to the U.S. tax authorities and is, generally, considered a final tax. Therefore, you do not need to file a U.S. tax return (Form 1040NR or Form 1040) unless you need to file one for another reason, or if there is reason to believe that you will be able to recover a withheld amount from the U.S. tax authorities.

### **Q.4.: Do I have to file the Form 1042-S with my Canadian tax report?**

**A.4.:** No, because it is a U.S. form.

### **Q.5.: Are the fees related to my TFSA, RRSP, RRIF, RDSP, or RESP (or other registered plans) deductible?**

**A.5.:** Fees related to registered accounts are never tax-deductible, even if they are paid from a non-registered account.

## **Q.6.: Are the fees related to my non-registered account deductible?**

**A.6.:** This depends on the nature of the fees.

Section 20 of ITA provides rules relating to the deductibility of certain outlays, expenses, and other amounts in computing a taxpayer's income for a taxation year.

As a general rule, Paragraph 20(1)(bb) of the Act allows a taxpayer to deduct fees (other than commissions) paid for advice on buying or selling a specific share or security by the taxpayer, or for the administration or the management of the shares or securities of the taxpayer. The fees must be paid to a person whose principal business is advising others on whether to buy or sell specific shares or whose principal business includes the administration or management of shares or securities.

Note that commissions are excluded by the preamble of paragraph 20(1)(bb) of the Act, but fees may be charged based on the portfolio value and not be considered as commissions ([see the archived Interpretation Bulletin IT-238R2, Section 4](#)).

\* The CRA is implementing a new filing system for their Interpretation Bulletins, called "Folios." In the interim, although this information is archived, the referenced Section 4 continues to represent the CRA's interpretation.

### **20(1) Deductions permitted in computing income from business or property**

Notwithstanding paragraphs 18(1)(a), 18(1)(b) and 18(1)(h), in computing a taxpayer's income for a taxation year from a business or property, there may be deducted such of the following amounts as are wholly applicable to that source or such part of the following amounts as may reasonably be regarded as applicable there to

...

#### **20(1) (bb) Fees paid to investment counsel**

An amount, other than a commission, that

(i) is paid by the taxpayer in the year to a person or partnership the principal business of which

- > is advising others as to the advisability of purchasing or selling specific shares or securities, or
- > includes the provision of services in respect of the administration or management of shares or securities, and

(ii) is paid for

- > advice as to the advisability of purchasing or selling a specific share or security of the taxpayer, or
- > services in respect of the administration or management of shares or securities of the taxpayer.

Fees for obtaining investment advice with respect to an RRSP/RRIF (LIRA/LIF) or TFSA of registered accounts) can be paid by the plan or by the non-registered account of the same annuitant/holder. However, even when paid outside the plan, the expenses remain non-deductible (paragraph 18(1)(u) of the ITA).



## Deduction for carrying charges and interest expenses

Carrying charges and interest expenses are deductible within certain limitations. Here is a brief summary of these:

### A) Federal

As outlined by CRA on their website – [Line 22100](#)

#### **Line 22100 – Carrying charges and interest expenses**

**Note: Line 22100 was Line 221 before tax year 2019.**

Claim the following carrying charges and interest you paid to earn income from investments:

- > most interest you pay on money you borrowed for investment purposes, but generally only if you use it to try to earn investment income including interest and dividends. However, you cannot deduct these fees if the only income your investment can produce is capital gain.

## T1135 - GUIDE

### 1. Foreign Income Verification Statement

#### Foreign Properties Report

The Foreign Properties Report is a tool that will help you gather the necessary data to complete your personal tax return and, more specifically, if you need to complete Form T1135 – “Foreign Income Verification Statement,” issued by the Canada Revenue Agency (CRA). Please note that the *Foreign Properties* Report is not a form prescribed by the *Income Tax Act* (ITA). Therefore, it cannot replace the T1135 required by the CRA. This report contains data obtained from a number of sources we believe to be reliable. However, we cannot attest to the accuracy, quality, or the completeness of this information. Consequently, you (and/or your tax specialist) must analyze the content and determine what is relevant to properly complete Form T1135.

For information purposes only, you shall find hereinafter information on Form T1135 including a description of our *Foreign Properties* Report to help you complete Form T1135.

#### What is Form T1135 - "Foreign Income Verification Statement?"

Any taxpayer (individual, corporation, trust) who resides in Canada must complete and file Form T1135 if he held specified foreign property (see description below) whose "cost amount" (generally referring to the cost of acquisition of the property, according to ITA) at any time during the year, was greater than \$100,000 in Canadian currency. **At any time, this implies that even if some or all of these properties have been sold before the end of the year, they must be declared.**

This form, prescribed by the ITA, helps tax authorities ensure that Canadian taxpayers disclose revenues derived from their foreign property. Since 1998, this form must be completed and filed annually to avoid onerous penalties for non-filing. For any previous years, if you omitted filing Form T1135, it is recommended that you contact your accountant or tax advisor prior to taking any action.

#### Specified Foreign Property – CRA Website : [Questions and answers about Form T1135](#)

“Specified foreign property” is defined in Subsection 233.3(1) of the ITA. Generally speaking, it includes:

- > Funds, including intangible property (patents, copyrights, etc.) situated, deposited, or held outside Canada
- > foreign property that does not produce income such as land
- > tangible property situated outside Canada
- > a share of the capital stock of a non-resident corporation
- > a share of a corporation resident in Canada but held outside Canada
- > an interest in a non-resident trust that was acquired for consideration
- > an interest in a partnership that holds a specified foreign property unless that partnership is required to file Form T1135
- > a property that is convertible into, exchangeable for, or confers a right to acquire a property that is specified foreign property
- > a debt owed by a non-resident, including government or corporate bonds, debentures, mortgages, and notes receivable
- > an interest in a foreign insurance policy
- > precious metals, gold certificates, and futures contracts held outside Canada.

Please note: a building for personal use is not covered by the Form T1135 or listed personal property (such as works of art).

Summary table concerning shares of companies listed on a foreign stock exchange according to the type of holding account:

|   | T1135?  |
|---|---|
| RRSP-TFSA-RESP                                | NO  |
| Non Registered personal and Corporate account | <b>YES</b><br>If direct holding of a foreign security (including an ADR "American Deposit Receipt")<br><br>For funds validate the legal aspect.<br>Is the trust foreign (ex USA)? |

"Specified foreign property" does not include personal use property or shares of the capital stock of corporations not resident in Canada held in a registered account (RRSP, TFSA, RESP, etc.) or held in a Canadian mutual fund/corporation.

For further detail, please refer to the CRA's website.

- > [General Information](#)
- > [Questions and Answers about T1135 Form \(Q19-47\)](#)

## 2. Simplified Reporting Method

Since 2015, taxpayers who hold "specified foreign property" whose total acquisition cost (i.e., all their specified foreign property) is less than \$250,000 throughout the year may disclose such property under a Simplified reporting method by identifying asset types only rather than providing the required details either for each asset or by account and country.

### Part A: Simplified reporting method

For each type of property that applies to you, tick the appropriate box.

**Type of property:**

|  |                          |
|--|--------------------------|
| Funds held outside Canada .....  | <input type="checkbox"/> |
| Shares of non-resident corporations (other than foreign affiliates) .....                                  | <input type="checkbox"/> |
| Indebtedness owed by non-resident .....  | <input type="checkbox"/> |
| Interests in non-resident trusts .....   | <input type="checkbox"/> |
| Real property outside Canada (other than personal use and real estate used in an active business) .....    | <input type="checkbox"/> |
| Other property outside Canada .....  | <input type="checkbox"/> |
| Property held in an account with a Canadian registered securities dealer or a Canadian trust company ..... | <input type="checkbox"/> |

**Country code:**  
 Select the top three countries based on the maximum cost amount of specified foreign property held during the year. Enter the country codes in the boxes below:

|  |  |  |
|--|--|--|
|  |  |  |
|--|--|--|

Gross income from all specified foreign property \$ \_\_\_\_\_

Gain(loss) from the disposition from all specified foreign property \$ \_\_\_\_\_

Privacy Act, personal information bank number CRA PPU 035

Your tax slips and our *Foreign Properties Reports* (see the section entitled "*Foreign Properties Report*") contain all the necessary information required to complete Form T1135 - Part A, referred to as the "Simplified reporting method."

### 3. Reminder of the Detailed Reporting Method

If you hold "specified foreign property" held through a registered securities dealer or a Canadian trust company, you have two options available regarding [Form T1135](#):

1- "Report by Account and by Country" — Category 7 of Form T1135.

This section applies only to foreign properties held with a Canadian registered securities dealer or a Canadian trust company. In this category, for each account held at a securities dealer or trust company, you must identify the aggregate amount by country and indicate:

- > the maximum fair market value during the year (which may be based on the maximum month-end fair market value)
- > the fair market value at the end of the year
- > the income (losses) generated by the asset, and
- > the gains (losses) resulting from disposition of the asset

| 7. Property held in an account with a Canadian registered securities dealer or a Canadian trust company |              |   |                               |        |                            |
|---|--------------|---|-------------------------------|--------|----------------------------|
| Name of registered security dealer/Canadian trust company   | Country code | Maximum fair market value during the year | Fair market value at year-end | Income | Gain (loss) on disposition |
|   |              |   |                               |        |                            |
| Total   |              |   |                               |        |                            |

2- "Asset by Asset Report:" this section requests, for each of the specified foreign properties, the following information:

- > the name of the foreign corporation or foreign entity
- > the country to which the asset belongs
- > the maximum cost amount during the year
- > the cost amount at the end of the year
- > the gross income (losses) generated by the asset; and
- > the gain (losses) resulting from disposition of the asset.

Protected B when completed

**Part B: Detailed reporting method****Categories of specified foreign property**

In each of the tables below, provide the required details of each specified foreign property held at any time during the particular tax year. If you need additional space, please attach a separate sheet of paper using the same format as the tables.

A taxpayer who held specified foreign property with a Canadian registered securities dealer or a Canadian trust company is permitted to report the aggregate amount, on a country-by-country basis, of all such property in Category 7, Property held in an account with a Canadian registered securities dealer or a Canadian trust company. See attached instructions for Category 7 for details as to how to report under this method.

**1. Funds held outside Canada**

| Name of bank/other entity holding the funds | Country code | Maximum funds held during the year | Funds held at year-end | Gross income |
|---|--------------|------------------------------------|------------------------|--------------|
|   |              |                                    |                        |              |
| <b>Total</b>                                |              |                                    |                        |              |

**2. Shares of non-resident corporations (other than foreign affiliates)**

| Name of corporation | Country code | Maximum cost amount during the year | Cost amount at year-end | Gross Income | Gain (loss) on disposition |
|---------------------|--------------|-------------------------------------|-------------------------|--------------|----------------------------|
|                     |              |                                     |                         |              |                            |
| <b>Total</b>        |              |                                     |                         |              |                            |

**3. Indebtedness owed by non-resident**

| Description of indebtedness | Country code | Maximum cost amount during the year | Cost amount at year-end | Gross Income | Gain (loss) on disposition |
|-----------------------------|--------------|-------------------------------------|-------------------------|--------------|----------------------------|
|                             |              |                                     |                         |              |                            |
| <b>Total</b>                |              |                                     |                         |              |                            |

**4. Interests in non-resident trusts**

| Name of Trust | Country code | Maximum cost amount during the year | Cost amount at year-end | Income received | Capital received | Gain (loss) on disposition |
|---------------|--------------|-------------------------------------|-------------------------|-----------------|------------------|----------------------------|
|               |              |                                     |                         |                 |                  |                            |
| <b>Total</b>  |              |                                     |                         |                 |                  |                            |

**5. Real property outside Canada (other than personal use and real estate used in an active business)**

| Description of property | Country code | Maximum cost amount during the year | Cost amount at year-end | Gross income | Gain (loss) on disposition |
|-------------------------|--------------|-------------------------------------|-------------------------|--------------|----------------------------|
|                         |              |                                     |                         |              |                            |
| <b>Total</b>            |              |                                     |                         |              |                            |

**6. Other property outside Canada**

| Description of property | Country code | Maximum cost amount during the year | Cost amount at year-end | Gross income | Gain (loss) on disposition |
|-------------------------|--------------|-------------------------------------|-------------------------|--------------|----------------------------|
|                         |              |                                     |                         |              |                            |
| <b>Total</b>            |              |                                     |                         |              |                            |

## 4. Other Relevant Information to Complete Form T1135

In the *Country codes* section in the "Instructions" portion of Form T1135, the CRA states that if there is uncertainty regarding the country code, "OTH" should be selected for "Other."

Excerpt from the CRA's Guide:

### Country codes

For the list of country codes for tax purposes, see country codes or CRA publication T4061 of CRA entitled NR4 – Non-Resident Tax Withholding, Remitting and Reporting, Appendix A.

The country code for each category should identify the following:

- > Category 1 – the country where the funds are located;
- > Category 2 – the country of residence of the non-resident corporation;
- > Category 3 – the country of residence of the non-resident issuer;
- > Category 4 – the country of residence of the trust;
- > Category 5 – the country where property is located;
- > Category 6 – the country where property is located;
- > Category 7 – depending on the type of property, use the instructions above for categories 1 to 6.

If you are uncertain of the appropriate country code for a particular specified foreign property, select "OTH" for "Other."

## 5. Foreign Properties Report

A *Foreign Properties* Report can help identify the foreign properties held in your non-registered accounts. In addition, the report contains supplementary information that could help you complete Form T1135.

## 6. How to use Foreign Properties Report?

### Information supplied by financial institutions

Your Investment Advisor can provide you with certain information regarding foreign properties held at NBFWM that could potentially be subject to Form T1135 – Foreign Income Verification Statement. Note, however, that the information received from only one financial institution may be insufficient or inaccurate to complete Form T1135. For example, if you choose the "property-by-property" reporting method, the reported cost (usually the acquisition cost) or the adjusted cost base (ACB) for tax purposes is not necessarily known by the financial institution.

You may hold identical securities in several financial institutions or in several non-registered accounts (dealer and direct broker), and therefore the book value of the securities in the report of one particular financial institution will not reflect the cost amount or the ACB of your identical securities held in all financial institutions, since the tax rules regarding "identical properties" will not have been respected. (See the section on fiscal ACB in the Tax and Investment Guide 2021.)

## 7. The Client's Responsibility

It is your responsibility to adequately complete Form T1135. You can mandate an external expert to help you with the foregoing. National Bank of Canada, its subsidiaries, and their Advisors do not offer this service. For information purposes only, your Advisor can provide certain information regarding your foreign securities held at NBFWM, which should help you complete Form T1135.

## 8. Description and Limitations of the *Foreign Property Report*

Your Advisor can provide two separate Foreign Property Reports:

- 1- The "Month End Market Value Report," which is helpful for completing Category 7 of Form T1135 - Part B (Detailed Reporting Method); and/or
- 2- The "Month End Book Value Report," which is helpful for completing Categories 2, 3 or 4 of Form T1135 - Part B (Detailed Reporting Method).

Note that the two reports can also provide the information necessary for completing Part A of Form T1135 (Simplified Reporting Method).

### **How to use the "Month End Market Value Report" to complete Form T1135: Category 7 "Property held in an account with a Canadian registered securities dealer or a Canadian trust company"**

Form T1135's Category 7 requires information regarding the fair market value by country and by account. For this purpose, Form T1135's instructions specify: "The maximum fair market value during the year may be based on the maximum month-end fair market value." Hence, for each country, the monthly report allows you to identify the highest month-end fair market value.

As well, it is possible that certain securities may be identified in the "Unknown" section due to lack of information. At this time, the CRA allows you to select "OTH" for "Other" in the Country code section.





MR. NICOLAS COPENIC (88-9991)

Period from January 1, 20XX to December 31, 20XX

Your Wealth Advisor

## FOREIGN PROPERTY (CAD)

## MONTH END MARKET VALUE / LONG POSITIONS

| Description               | Symbol | January 2021      | February 2021     | March 2021        | April 2021        | May 2021          | June 2021         | July 2021         | August 2021       | September 2021    | October 2021      | November 2021     | December 2021     | Income           | Realized Gains and Losses |
|---------------------------|--------|-------------------|-------------------|-------------------|-------------------|-------------------|-------------------|-------------------|-------------------|-------------------|-------------------|-------------------|-------------------|------------------|---------------------------|
| <b>AUSTRALIA</b>          |        |                   |                   |                   |                   |                   |                   |                   |                   |                   |                   |                   |                   |                  |                           |
| WOODSIDE PETROLEUM ORD    | 742114 | 0.00              | 0.00              | 0.00              | 0.00              | 0.00              | 0.00              | 0.00              | 27,082.50         | 32,938.50         | 32,604.00         | 29,299.50         | 30,376.50         | 0.00             | 0.00                      |
| <b>Total Australia</b>    |        | <b>\$ 0</b>       | <b>\$ 0</b>       | <b>\$ 0</b>       | <b>\$ 0</b>       | <b>\$ 0</b>       | <b>\$ 0</b>       | <b>\$ 0</b>       | <b>\$ 27,083</b>  | <b>\$ 32,939</b>  | <b>\$ 32,604</b>  | <b>\$ 29,300</b>  | <b>\$ 30,377</b>  | <b>\$ 0</b>      | <b>\$ 0</b>               |
| <b>UNKNOWN</b>            |        |                   |                   |                   |                   |                   |                   |                   |                   |                   |                   |                   |                   |                  |                           |
| AGL ENERGY LTD            | AGLNF  | 207,949.95        | 170,072.10        | 171,049.95        | 156,861.90        | 140,496.75        | 141,197.85        | 122,692.50        | 110,238.75        | 98,061.75         | 98,615.25         | 90,810.90         | 104,611.50        | 13,079.69        | 0.00                      |
| AUST & NZLD BANKING GROUP | ANWF   | 41,936.40         | 46,341.00         | 48,731.40         | 49,255.20         | 48,465.00         | 47,289.60         | 45,873.00         | 46,438.20         | 46,593.00         | 47,334.60         | 43,806.60         | 45,727.20         | 2,363.92         | 0.00                      |
| COMMONWEALTH BANK AUSTRAL | CBAUF  | 97,946.40         | 96,374.40         | 99,578.40         | 101,740.80        | 112,392.00        | 111,733.20        | 110,251.20        | 110,808.00        | 113,322.00        | 117,614.40        | 101,864.40        | 114,021.60        | 3,936.95         | 0.00                      |
| <b>Total Unknown</b>      |        | <b>\$ 347,833</b> | <b>\$ 312,788</b> | <b>\$ 319,360</b> | <b>\$ 307,858</b> | <b>\$ 301,354</b> | <b>\$ 300,221</b> | <b>\$ 278,817</b> | <b>\$ 267,485</b> | <b>\$ 257,977</b> | <b>\$ 263,564</b> | <b>\$ 236,482</b> | <b>\$ 264,360</b> | <b>\$ 19,381</b> | <b>\$ 0</b>               |
| <b>TOTAL</b>              |        | <b>\$ 347,833</b> | <b>\$ 312,788</b> | <b>\$ 319,360</b> | <b>\$ 307,858</b> | <b>\$ 301,354</b> | <b>\$ 300,221</b> | <b>\$ 278,817</b> | <b>\$ 294,567</b> | <b>\$ 290,915</b> | <b>\$ 296,168</b> | <b>\$ 265,781</b> | <b>\$ 294,737</b> | <b>\$ 19,381</b> | <b>\$ 0</b>               |

## SUMMARY LONG POSITIONS

| Country      | Maximum Market Value During the Year | Market Value at Year End | Earned Income    | Realized Gains/Losses |
|--------------|--------------------------------------|--------------------------|------------------|-----------------------|
| Unknown      | 347,832.75                           | 264,360.30               | 19,380.56        | 0.00                  |
| Australia    | 32,938.50                            | 30,376.50                | 0.00             | 0.00                  |
| <b>Total</b> | <b>380,771.25</b>                    | <b>294,736.80</b>        | <b>19,380.56</b> | <b>0.00</b>           |

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## How to use the "Month End Book Value Report" to complete Form T1135: Categories 2, 3 and, 4 ("Asset by Asset")

If you choose to complete Categories 2, 3, and 4 of Form T1135, you will need the cost indicated for each asset (i.e., generally the acquisition cost). The "book value" is indicated on a monthly basis so that you can identify the month with the highest value for each asset, as well as the asset's book value at the end of the year. Note that for Categories 2, 3 and 4 ("Asset-by-Asset"), the summary and the totals are not helpful. You should remember that it is possible the book value indicated in the report is not equal to the cost to the client for the security.



MR. NICOLAS COPERNIC (88-9991)

Period from January 1, 20XX to December 31, 20XX

Your Wealth Advisor

### FOREIGN PROPERTY (CAD)

#### MONTH END BOOK VALUE / LONG POSITIONS

| Description               | Symbol | January 2021      | February 2021     | March 2021        | April 2021        | May 2021          | June 2021         | July 2021         | August 2021       | September 2021    | October 2021      | November 2021     | December 2021     | Income           | Realized Gains and Losses |
|---------------------------|--------|-------------------|-------------------|-------------------|-------------------|-------------------|-------------------|-------------------|-------------------|-------------------|-------------------|-------------------|-------------------|------------------|---------------------------|
| <b>AUSTRALIA</b>          |        |                   |                   |                   |                   |                   |                   |                   |                   |                   |                   |                   |                   |                  |                           |
| WOODSIDE PETROLEUM ORD    | 742114 | 0.00              | 0.00              | 0.00              | 0.00              | 0.00              | 0.00              | 0.00              | 27,872.68         | 27,872.68         | 27,872.68         | 27,872.68         | 27,872.68         | 0.00             | 0.00                      |
| <b>Total Australia</b>    |        | <b>\$ 0</b>       | <b>\$ 0</b>       | <b>\$ 0</b>       | <b>\$ 0</b>       | <b>\$ 0</b>       | <b>\$ 0</b>       | <b>\$ 0</b>       | <b>\$ 27,873</b>  | <b>\$ 27,873</b>  | <b>\$ 27,873</b>  | <b>\$ 27,873</b>  | <b>\$ 27,873</b>  | <b>\$ 0</b>      | <b>\$ 0</b>               |
| <b>UNKNOWN</b>            |        |                   |                   |                   |                   |                   |                   |                   |                   |                   |                   |                   |                   |                  |                           |
| AGL ENERGY LTD            | AGLNF  | 263,166.26        | 263,166.26        | 263,166.26        | 263,166.26        | 263,166.26        | 263,166.26        | 263,166.26        | 263,166.26        | 263,166.26        | 263,166.26        | 263,166.26        | 263,166.26        | 13,079.69        | 0.00                      |
| AUST & NZLD BANKING GROUP | ANWF   | 44,542.01         | 44,542.01         | 44,542.01         | 44,542.01         | 44,542.01         | 44,542.01         | 44,542.01         | 44,542.01         | 44,542.01         | 44,542.01         | 44,542.01         | 44,542.01         | 2,363.92         | 0.00                      |
| COMMONWEALTH BANK AUSTRAL | CBAUF  | 80,360.96         | 80,360.96         | 80,360.96         | 80,360.96         | 80,360.96         | 80,360.96         | 80,360.96         | 80,360.96         | 80,360.96         | 80,360.96         | 80,360.96         | 80,360.96         | 3,936.95         | 0.00                      |
| <b>Total Unknown</b>      |        | <b>\$ 388,069</b> | <b>\$ 388,069</b> | <b>\$ 388,069</b> | <b>\$ 388,069</b> | <b>\$ 388,069</b> | <b>\$ 388,069</b> | <b>\$ 388,069</b> | <b>\$ 388,069</b> | <b>\$ 388,069</b> | <b>\$ 388,069</b> | <b>\$ 388,069</b> | <b>\$ 388,069</b> | <b>\$ 19,381</b> | <b>\$ 0</b>               |
| <b>TOTAL</b>              |        | <b>\$ 388,069</b> | <b>\$ 388,069</b> | <b>\$ 388,069</b> | <b>\$ 388,069</b> | <b>\$ 388,069</b> | <b>\$ 388,069</b> | <b>\$ 388,069</b> | <b>\$ 415,942</b> | <b>\$ 415,942</b> | <b>\$ 415,942</b> | <b>\$ 415,942</b> | <b>\$ 415,942</b> | <b>\$ 19,381</b> | <b>\$ 0</b>               |

#### SUMMARY LONG POSITIONS

| Country      | Maximum Book Value During the Year | Book Value at Year End | Earned Income    | Realized Gains/Losses |
|--------------|------------------------------------|------------------------|------------------|-----------------------|
| Unknown      | 388,069.23                         | 388,069.23             | 19,380.56        | 0.00                  |
| Australia    | 27,872.68                          | 27,872.68              | 0.00             | 0.00                  |
| <b>Total</b> | <b>415,941.92</b>                  | <b>415,941.92</b>      | <b>19,380.56</b> | <b>0.00</b>           |

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## 9. Limitations Applicable to *Foreign Property Report*

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Although the information contained in the reports can help you produce your income tax return as well as Form T1135, some limitations must be noted:

- > Certain securities may not be “specified foreign properties” and, as a result, would not need to be included on Form T1135. You, your accountant, or an external tax expert should identify which securities correspond to the definition prior to completing the Form. In this situation, please contact your Advisor.
- > The book value does not necessarily represent the cost amount (e.g., acquisition cost) or the ACB of your asset. Accordingly, the gain (loss) column may not represent the “tax” gain (loss). For example, the adjusted cost base of a security must reflect the cost of all the identical securities held in all of your non-registered accounts across all financial institutions.
- > It is recommended that you reconcile the total of the “Income” column of the Report with what is stated on your income tax return and tax slips.

The report may have some inconsistencies with respect to certain securities.



You agree to release NBFWM, its affiliates, employees, agents, representatives, officers and directors, even in the case of gross negligence or misconduct on the part of NBFWM or the latter, from and against all liabilities, claims, losses and/or damages (including legal fees and expenses) and from all proceedings, claims or any other cause of action as to the accuracy of the information herein (as well as in the mentioned documents and statements) and the fiscal impacts resulting from their use.

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